NOTICE TO BIDDERS

AMAZON PARK COMMUNITY BUILDING FOUNDATION REPAIR AND SWALE BID TOWN OF YORKTOWN, NEW YORK

Sealed proposals will be received by the Town Clerk of the Town of Yorktown, Westchester County, New York, at the Town Hall, 363 Underhill Avenue, Yorktown Heights, New York, until 11:00 A.M., on Tuesday, November 1, 2016 for the Amazon Park Community Building Foundation Repair and Swale Bid.

Specifications and standard proposals for the bid may be obtained at the office of the Town Clerk at said Town Hall.

The bidder assumes the risk of any delay in the mail or in the handling of mail by the employees of the Town of Yorktown. Whether sent by mail or means of personal delivery, the bidder assumes the responsibility for having bids in on the time and the place specified above.

The Town of Yorktown reserves the right to waive any informalities in the bids, to reject any or all bids and reserves the right to accept that bid which it deems most favorable to the interests of the Town of Yorktown. No bidder may withdraw his bid within sixty (60) days after the actual date of the opening thereof.

If mailed, sealed proposals must be addressed in care of the Town Clerk at the above address.

Bid documents may also be obtained on the Town of Yorktown's website at www.yorktownny.org.

DIANA L. QUAST Town Clerk Town of Yorktown

TOWN OF YORKTOWN SERVICES AND PUBLIC WORKS CONTRACTS BID

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

NOTICE IS HERE GIVEN that sealed bids will be received by the Town Clerk, Town of Yorktown, Yorktown, NY until 11:00 A.M. on November 1, 2016 at Town Hall, 363 Underhill Avenue, Yorktown Heights, N.Y. 10598 for Amazon Park Community Building Foundation Repair and Swale Bid. Copies of the Bid Documents will be available in the office of the Town of Yorktown Town Clerk located at 363 Underhill Avenue, Yorktown Heights, NY 10598. A completed Bid Proposal Form must be returned to the Town Clerk, 363 Underhill Avenue, Yorktown Heights, NY 10598, marked: "Bid: Amazon Park Community Building Foundation Repair and Swale Bid."

The Bid Documents consists of the following documents:

- 1. Instructions to Bidders
- 2. <u>Part One</u> Bid Proposal Form
- 3. Part Two General Terms and Conditions of Bid
- 4. Part Three Specifications
- 5. Non-Collusive Bidding Certificate

Wherever in the Bid Documents any section or paragraph is stamped "VOID", only the section(s) or paragraph(s) so stamped are void. All other sections(s) and paragraph(s) remain in full force and effect.

A submitted bid will consist of

- 1. one original completed **Bid Proposal Form**, signed on behalf of Bidder with information for all blanks supplied, and a detailed listing of any exceptions taken by Bidder; and
- 2. a signed and notarized Non-Collusive Bidding Certificate.

Diana L. Quast Town Clerk Town of Yorktown

TOWN OF YORKTOWN SERVICES AND PUBLIC WORKS CONTRACTS BID

PART ONE

BID PROPOSAL FORM

The Town of Yorktown seeks bids from qualified parties:

Amazon Park Community Building Foundation Repair and Swale Bid

BIDDER'S OFFICIAL CORPORATE NAME (required, if bidder is a corporation):	
BIDDER'S D/B/A NAME (if any)	
Dollar Amount: \$	
Amount in words:	
The price(s) set forth above shall remain valid for one (1) year from the date of bid award.	
Prices in the bid must cover all of bidder's costs. There shall be no additional charges to Town for delivery, training, set-up, etc.	the
Name of person authorized to submit bid for bidder:	
Signed: [Signature of authorized person]	
TITLE of authorized person:	
BIDDER'S CORPORATE NAME:	

BIDDER CONTACT INFORMA' PRINT NAME:	IION:		
TITLE:			
Address:		State:	Zip:
Phone:		_	
Fax:		_	
Email:			

END OF BID PROPOSAL FORM -

TOWN OF YORKTOWN SERVICES AND PUBLIC WORKS CONTRACTS BID

PART TWO

General Terms and Conditions of Bid

Section Numbers	Heading
Section 1.	Bid Proposal Form
Section 2.	Pre-Bid Site Inspection
Section 3.	Quality and Samples
Section 4.	Request for information and/or clarification of the Bid Documents
Section 5.	Non-Collusion
Section 6.	Late Bids
Section 7.	Bid Opening
Section 8.	Acceptance and Rejection
Section 9.	Appeal of Determination of Non-Responsiveness and
	Non-Responsibility
Section 10.	Award
Section 11.	Notice of Award
Section 12.	Performance And Payment Bond
Section 13.	Assignment Prohibited
Section 14.	Special Requirements
Section 15.	Purchase of Additional Quantities of Bid Items
Section 16.	Contractor's Subcontracts and Material Lists
Section 17.	Representative Always Present
Section 18.	Performance
Section 19.	Insurance Requirements
Section 20.	Indemnification

Section Numbers	<u>Heading</u>
Section 21.	Delivery Point
Section 22.	Date of Delivery
Section 23.	Damages
Section 24.	Warranty/Guarantee
Section 25.	Breach of Contract/Termination
Section 26.	Prevailing Wage Rates and Supplements
Section 27.	Estimates and Payments
Section 28.	Payments to Subcontractors and Materialmen by Contractor
Section 29.	Change in Contract Price
Section 30.	Proper Method of Work and Materials
Section 31.	Utilities and Service Lines
Section 32.	Protection, Existing Structures
Section 33.	Acceleration of the Work
Section 34.	Stopping Work
Section 35.	Change in the Contract Time
Section 36.	Disputed Work – Notice of Claims For Damages

Section 1. <u>Bid Proposal Form</u>

- 1.1 The bidder shall complete the Bid Proposal Form by filling in the unit price and the total price in the appropriate designated spaces. Unit price and total price of each item bid shall be written legibly in ink, or typed. All bids shall be signed in ink. Any erasures or alterations shall be initialed in ink by the signer. The completed Bid Proposal Form shall be submitted, along with any documentation in support of the bid proposal if required by the Bid Documents, in a sealed envelope addressed as required in the Invitation to Bidders on or before the time and at the place so designated. Any Bid Proposal Form which has been materially altered in any way may render the bid nonresponsive and the bid rejected.
- 1.2 In the event of a discrepancy between the unit price and the total price of the Bid Proposal Form, the unit price will prevail. In the event of a discrepancy between the written bid amount and the numerical bid amount, the written amount will take precedence and be controlling as to the amount of the Bid. All items not bid shall be indicated as "not bid" in the total price space. When bids are requested on a lump sum basis, bidder must bid on each item in the lump sum group. Any bidder desiring to bid "no charge" on an item in a group must so indicate.
- 1.3 Failure to comply with the provisions of this section may be grounds for rejection of the bid proposal.
- 1.4 Correction or withdrawal of a bid because of an inadvertent, non-judgmental mistake in the Bid Proposal Form requires careful consideration to protect the integrity of the competitive bidding process, and to ensure fairness. If the mistake is attributable to an error in judgment, the Bid Proposal Form may not be corrected. Bid correction or withdrawal by reason of the non-judgmental mistake is permissible at the sole discretion of the Town Clerk, but only to the extent that it is not contrary to the interests of the Town or the fair treatment of other bidders.
- 1.5 By signing the Bid Proposal Form, the bidder certifies that:
 - i. the person whose signature appears below is legally empowered to bind the bidder;
 - ii. the bidder has read the complete Bid Documents and understands and agrees to all terms and conditions set forth in the Bid Documents;
 - iii. if accepted by the Town, the bid is guaranteed as written and will be implemented as stated;
 - iv. By submission of the bid, each bidder and each person signing on behalf of any bidder certifies, and in the case of a joint bid each party thereto

certifies as to its own organization, under penalty of perjury, that to the best of its knowledge and belief that each bidder is not on the list created pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision 3 of section 165-a of the New York State Finance Law.¹

- 1.6 The bidder understands and agrees that quantities shown on the Bid Proposal Form opposite items of the work for which unit prices have been requested are approximate estimated quantities, and that during the progress of the work the Town may find it advisable and shall have the right to omit portions of the work, and to increase or decrease the shown approximate estimated quantities, or the scope of the whole work; and that the Town reserves the right to add to or take from the total amount of the work up to a limit of thirty (30%) percent of the total amount of the contract based upon the executed contract price for all the specified work.
- 1.7 The bidder shall make no claim for anticipated profits or loss of profits, because of any difference between the quantities of the various classes of work actually done, or of the materials actually furnished, and the original specified scope of work and the shown approximate estimated quantities.
- **1.8** All prices bid include a sum sufficient for the preparation and submission of approved final "As-builts", record drawings, guarantees, warranties, and operations and maintenance manuals.
- 1.9 All plans and other like records compiled by the contractor in completing the work under this contract shall become the property of the Town. The Contractor may retain copies of each such plan or record for its own use.
- 1.10 The contractor shall secure and pay for all necessary permits for the proper executing and completion of work.
- 1.11 The Town is exempt from all federal, state and local taxes.

Section 2. <u>Pre-Bid Site Inspection</u>

2.1 The bidder shall satisfy itself by personal examination of the location of the proposed work and surroundings thereof, and by such other means as it may prefer, as to the scope of the work and the accuracy of the approximate estimated quantities; and shall not at any time after submission of the bid dispute such approximate estimated quantities or assert that there was any misrepresentation by the Town or any misunderstanding by the bidder in regard to the quantity or kind of materials to be furnished, or work to be done. Failure to do so will not relieve a successful bidder contractor ("contractor") of the obligation to furnish all

¹ List found at http://ogs.ny.gov/about/regs/docs/ListofEntities.pdf.

- material and labor necessary to carry out the provisions of the contract documents and to complete the contemplated work for the consideration set forth in its bid.
- 2.2 Unless otherwise stated, the bidder is free and encouraged to examine the work site during normal work hours preceding the submission of the bid. For those bidders requesting further clarification of the conditions, an appointment with the Town's representative, can be requested, by contacting the, Town Clerk.
- **2.3** At the time of the opening of bids each bidder will be presumed to have inspected the sites and to have read and to be thoroughly familiar with the Bid Documents.

Section 3. Quality and Samples

- 3.1 All equipment, material and supplies bid upon must conform to the description and specifications set forth in the in the Bid Documents, or their reasonable equivalent.
- **3.2** References in the Bid Documents to type, style, brand or trade name, and catalog are intended to be descriptive only and not restrictive.

Section 4. Request for information or interpretation and/or clarification of the Bid Documents

- **4.1** The bidder shall have seven (7) business days prior to the bid opening date to notify the Town Clerk in writing of any errors or defects in the Bid Documents which would prevent the bidder from providing a responsive bid.
- **4.2** No interpretation of the Bid Documents will be made to any bidder orally by any representative of the Town.
- 4.3 Any request for information or interpretation and/or clarification of the Bid Documents must be addressed in writing to Diana Quast, Yorktown Town Clerk, 363 Underhill Avenue, Yorktown Height, NY 10598, and be submitted not later than five (5) business days prior to the date fixed for the opening of bids.
- 4.4 Any written response to a request for information or interpretation and/or clarification of the Bid Documents shall be issued by Town Clerk and will be incorporated into and made part of the Bid Documents and will be made available in the same manner and method as the Bid Documents. The Town Clerk's decision shall be final and binding on all parties. The failure of any bidder to receive such Addenda will not relieve the contractor of any obligation to comply with the terms and conditions of the Addenda.
- 4.5 The Bid Documents, including the drawings, Bid Documents, have been prepared with care and are intended to show as clearly as is practicable the work required to be done. The bidder must realize however, that construction details cannot always be accurately anticipated and that in executing the work, field conditions may require reasonable modifications in the details of the plans and

quantities of work involved. Work under all items in the contract must be carried out to meet these field conditions to the satisfaction of the Town and in accordance with the Bid Documents. The bidder shall not take advantage of any apparent errors or omission in the Bid Documents. In the event the contractor discovers an error or omission in the Bid Documents, it shall immediately notify the Town. The Town will then make such corrections and interpretations as may be deemed necessary for fulfilling the intent of the Bid Documents.

4.6 A bidder's failure to request a clarification, interpretation, etc. of any portion of the Bid Documents or to point out any inconsistency therein will preclude such bidder from thereafter claiming any ambiguity, inconsistency, or error which should have been discovered by a reasonably prudent bidder and from asserting any claim for damages arising directly or indirectly therefrom.

Section 5. Non-Collusion

5.1 The bidder shall certify that it has complied with all of the requirements stated in the non-collusive bidding certificate by signing the form included in the Bid Documents. Failure by the bidder to complete and sign the non-collusive bidding certificate will constitute grounds for rejection of the bid.

Section 6. <u>Late Bids</u>

6.1 All bids received after the deadline date and time stated in the Instructions to Bidders will not be considered and will be returned to the bidder unopened. The bidder assumes the risk of any delay in the mail and the handling of the mail by the employees of the Town. Whether sent by mail or by means of personal delivery, the bidder assumes all responsibility for having the bid delivered on time and to the place specified above.

Section 7. Bid Opening

- 7.1 Sealed bids will be publicly opened on the date and time specified in the Instructions to Bidders. Bids may be read aloud to those persons present when practicable. Any bidder may request to review any submitted Bid Proposal Forms by arranging a mutually convenient time with the Town Clerk.
- 7.2 The prices stated in the Bid Proposal Form are irrevocable until the Notice of Award is issued, unless the bid is withdrawn only after the expiration of sixty (60) days from the bid opening and only in writing received by the Town Clerk and in advance of the issuance of the Notice of Award.

Section 8. Acceptance or Rejection

- **8.1** A responsive bid is one that complies with all material terms and conditions of the Bid Documents.
- 8.2 If the lowest price bid or proposal is found non-responsive, a determination

setting in detail and with specificity the reasons for such finding shall be issued by the Town Clerk. A copy of such determination shall be mailed to the nonresponsive bidder no later than two (2) business days after the determination is made.

- **8.3** The Town reserves the sole right to waive any informality that is a matter of form rather than substance without prejudice to other bidders and what is in the best interests of the Town. The Town's decision shall be final and binding.
- **8.4** Any corporation not incorporated under the Laws of New York State, must furnish a copy of its certificate of authority, from the New York State Secretary of State, to do business in the State of New York, in accordance with Article 13 of the New York State Business Corporation Law.
- 8.5 The Town will consider the qualifications of all bidders and may conduct such investigation as it deems necessary to assist in the evaluation of any bid. The Town reserves the right to reject any bid if the evidence submitted by, or the investigation of such bidder fails to satisfy the Town, in the Town's sole discretion, that it is properly qualified to carry out the obligations of the contract and to complete the contemplated work. In evaluating a bidder's responsibility the Town may consider the following factors:
 - i. financial resources;
 - ii. technical qualifications;
 - iii. experience;
 - iv. organization, material, equipment, facilities, and personnel resources and expertise (or the ability to obtain them) necessary to carry out the work and to comply with required delivery or performance schedules, taking into consideration other business commitments;
 - v. a satisfactory record of performance;
 - vi. a satisfactory record of business integrity;
 - vii. where the contract includes provisions for reimbursement of contractor costs, the existence of accounting and auditing procedures adequate to control property funds, or other assets, accurately delineate costs, and attribute them to their causes; and
 - viii. compliance with requirements for the utilization of small, minority-owned, and women-owned businesses as subcontractors.
- **8.6** The Town reserves the right to require additional information as it deems appropriate concerning the history of any bidder's performance of prior contracts. The final determination of whether the bidder possesses the requisite experience

rests in the sole discretion of the Town. Failure of a bidder to provide relevant information specifically requested by the Town may be grounds for a determination of non-responsive and/or non-responsible.

Section 9. Appeal of Determination of Non-Responsiveness or Non-Responsible

- **9.1** Any determination that a bid is non-responsive or a bidder is non-responsible may be appealed as set forth herein.
- 9.2 Time Limit; A bidder shall have five (5) business days from receipt of the determination of non-responsiveness or non-responsible to file an appeal with the Town Clerk. Receipt of notice by the bidder shall be deemed to be no later than five (5) business days from the date of mailing or upon delivery, if delivered. Filing of the appeal shall be accomplished by actual delivery of the appeal document to the Town Clerk. The bidder shall also send a copy of its appeal, for informational purposes, to the Town Attorney.
- **9.3** Form and Content: The appeal shall be in writing and shall briefly state all the facts or other basis upon which the bidder contests the finding of non-responsiveness or non-responsible. Supporting documentation, if any, shall be included.
- 9.4 Stay of Award of Contract Pending. Award of the contract shall be stayed pending the determination of the Town Clerk unless the Town Clerk makes a determination that proceeding with the award without delay is necessary to protect substantial Town's interests. Where such a determination is made, the bidder shall be advised of this action in the determination of non-responsiveness or, if the stay is removed at any time after the bidder has been notified of determination of non-responsiveness or non-responsible, notification shall be provided to the bidder no later than two (2) business days after such determination is made. The Town Clerk shall consider the appeal, and may, in his or her sole discretion, meet with the bidder to discuss the merits of the appeal. The Town Clerk shall make a prompt determination with respect to the merits of the appeal, a copy of which shall be sent to the bidder. The Town Clerk's determination shall be final.

Section 10. Award

- 10.1 Town reserves the right to make an award within sixty (60) days after the date of the bid opening, during which period bids may not be withdrawn.
- 10.2 The Award will be made to the responsible and responsive bidder submitting the lowest bid that fully complies with all the specifications stated in the Bid documents.
- 10.3 Town reserves the right to reject all bids and to purchase any or all items on contracts awarded by agencies or departments of the State of New York or of the Town, if such items can be obtained on substantially the same terms, conditions,

specifications, and at a lower price.

Section 11. Notice of Award

- 11.1 If the bid is awarded by Town, a written Notice of Award will be issued by the Town Clerk to the contractor. Such Notice of Award will constitute a binding enforceable contract between the contractor and the Town of Yorktown. These General Terms and Conditions shall be incorporated into the contract as material terms.
- 11.2 The Town may issue a Notice of Award based on either Lowest Responsible Bid or Best Value, in accordance with the 2012 amendments to General Municipal Law § 103, as implemented by Yorktown Town Code Chapter 78 entitled *Procurement for Goods and Services*.
- 11.3 Upon receipt of the Notice of Award the contractor will be required to submit to the Town Clerk a completed W-9 form in addition to any other information or documents required by the Town. Failure to supply a completed W-9 form or such other information or documents required by the Town will invalidate the bid.

Section 12. Performance And Payment Bond

12.1 If a Performance and Payment bond is required in accordance with the Instruction to Bidders, the "Bid Bond and Consent of Surety" Form must be executed by the contractor's Surety Company and submitted to the Town.

Section 13. Assignment Prohibited

13.1 The contractor shall not assign, transfer, convey or otherwise dispose of the contract or any part of it or any monies due and payable under the contract, without prior written approval of the Town. If such approvals are granted by the Town, they shall in no way relieve the contractor or from any obligations under the terms of the contract.

Section 14. Special Requirements

14.1 Special requirements for any bid may supersede and/or be added to any provision contained in these General Terms and Conditions.

Section 15. Purchase of Additional Quantities of Bid Items

15.1 The Town may purchase additional quantities of the bid items at any time during the contract period, for the same price and under the same terms and conditions as set in the Bid Proposal Form.

Section 16. Contractor's Subcontracts And Material Lists

- 16.1 Within fifteen (15) days after execution of the Contract, the contractor shall submit to the Town for approval a list of the subcontractors, materialmen and materials that the contractor plans to use in the performance of the work and statements of the work they are to perform. The format and content of the list shall be in accordance with directives from the Town. No part of the work may be sublet until after the contractor has received the Town's approval. The contractor shall be fully responsible for all acts and omissions of its subcontractors and persons directly or indirectly employed by them, and the Town's approval to sublet parts of the work will in no way relieve the contractor of any of its obligations under the Contract. All dealings of the Town with the subcontractors shall be through the contractor.
- 16.2 The contractor shall insert appropriate clauses in all subcontracts to bind the subcontractors to the contractor by all applicable provisions of the contract documents executed between the contractor and the Town, but this shall not be construed as creating any contractual relationships between subcontractors and the Town. Prior to approval of the subcontractors, the Town has the right to review and recommend changes in the subcontracts. The Town reserves the right to reject any subcontractor proposed by the contractor if in the reasonable opinion of the Town such subcontractor lacks the experience or capability to perform its subcontract work or is otherwise non-responsible.
- 16.3 The contractor shall insert appropriate clauses in each subcontract that require that if the contractor is terminated by the Town either for default or convenience that at the sole option of the Town the subcontract shall automatically attorn to the Town and the subcontractor shall continue without delay or interruption to fully perform all of the obligations required by its subcontract.

Section 17. Representative Always Present

- 17.1 The contractor in case of its absence from the work shall have a competent representative or foreman present, who shall obey without delay, all instructions of the Town in the prosecution and completion of the work in conformity with the contract, and shall have full authority to supply labor and material immediately.
- 17.2 The contractor, or its superintendent, shall attend job meetings with the Town for the purpose of discussing expedition, execution and coordination of the work. Job meetings will be scheduled periodically (the first to be prior to commencement of construction) at a time and place designated by the Town.

17.3 The contractor shall not commence any work prior to the first (pre-construction) meeting between the contractor, Town, and other concerned governmental and utility company representatives.

Section 18. <u>Performance</u>

- 18.1 All work performed and all materials furnished shall be in reasonably close conformity with the lines, grades, cross sections, dimensions and materials requirements, including tolerances, shown in the Bid Documents.
- 18.2 Plan dimensions and contract specification values are to be considered as the target value to be strived for and complied with as the design value from which any deviations are allowed. It is the intent of the specifications that the materials and workmanship shall be uniform in character and shall conform as nearly as realistically possible to the prescribed target value or to the middle portion of the tolerance range. The purpose of the tolerance range is to accommodate occasional minor variations from the median zone that are unavoidable for practical reasons. When a maximum or minimum value is specified, the production and processing of the material and the performance of the work shall be so controlled that material or work shall not be preponderantly of borderline quality or dimension.
- 18.3 Figured dimensions on the plans shall be given preference over scaled dimensions, but shall be checked by the contractor before starting construction. Information and data on the contract documents shall take precedence in the following order (1) Drawing; Details, Sections, Plans, Notes, General Notes, (2) Technical Specifications, (3) General Specifications. Any errors, omissions or discrepancies shall be brought to the attention of the Town whose decision thereon shall be final.
- 18.4 In the event that the Town determines that the materials or the finished product in which the materials used are not within reasonably close conformity with the Bid Documents but that reasonably acceptable work had been produced, the Town shall then make a determination if the work shall be accepted and remain in place. In this event, the Town will document the basis of acceptance by contract modification, subject to the approval of the Town Board, which will provide for an appropriate adjustment in the contract price for such work or materials as deems necessary.
- 18.5 In the event that the Town determines that the materials or the finished product in which the materials used are not within reasonably close conformity with the Bid Documents and have resulted in an inferior or unsatisfactory product, the work or materials shall be removed and replaced or otherwise corrected by and at the expense of the contractor.

- 18.6 All traffic control devices (signs, signals, markings, and devices placed by the authority of a public body or official having jurisdiction for the purpose of regulating, warning or guiding traffic) shall be in conformity with the latest edition of the New York State Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices or other such standard as directed by the Town.
- 18.7 Time being of the essence, the contractor shall take notice that the timely completion of the work called for under the contract is of the greatest importance. The contractor shall commence its work within ten (10) days after "Notice of Award" has been given it by the Town (unless a definite starting date is otherwise stated). Prior to commencing its work, the contractor shall notify the Town, at least forty-eight (48) hours prior to the planned date of its "start".

Section 19. Insurance Requirements

- 19.1 The contractor, upon award of the contract, shall provide at its own cost and expense the following insurance to the Town from insurance companies licensed in the State of New York, carrying a Best's financial rating of "A" or better, which insurance shall be evidenced by certificates and/or policies as determined by the Town.
- 19.2 Each certificate or policy shall require that, thirty (30) days prior to cancellation or material change in the policies, notice thereof shall be given to the Town Clerk by registered mail, return receipt requested, for all of the following stated insurance policies. All such notices shall name the contractor and identify the contract number or description.
- 19.3 All policies and certificates of insurance shall be approved by the Town prior to the inception of any work.
 - i. Workmen's Compensation: The contractor shall evidence compliance with Workers' Compensation Law, or as otherwise directed by the Town.
 - ii. Commercial General Liability Insurance with minimum limits of liability per occurrence of \$1,000,000 with the Town named as an additional insured.
 - iii. Automobile Liability Insurance with minimum limits of liability per occurrence of \$1,000,000 with the Town named as an additional insured.
 - iv. Additional insurance may be required on an individual basis for extra hazardous contracts and specific service agreements. If such additional insurance is required for a specific contract, that requirement will be described in the Special Requirements of the contract specifications.
 - v. If any of the insurance requirements are not complied with at their renewal dates, payments to the contractor will be withheld until those requirements have been met, or at the option of the Town, the Town may

- pay the Renewal Premium and withhold such payments from any monies due the contractor.
- If at any time any of the foregoing policies shall be or become vi. unsatisfactory to the Town, as to form or substance, or if a company issuing any such policy shall be or become unsatisfactory to the Town. the contractor shall upon notice to that effect from the Town, promptly obtain a new policy, submit the same to the Town for approval and submit a certificate thereof as herein above provided. Upon failure of the contractor to furnish, deliver and maintain such insurance as above provided, the contract, at the election of the Town, may be forthwith declared suspended, discontinued or terminated. Failure of the contractor to secure and/or maintain or the taking out and/or maintenance of any required insurance, shall not relieve the contractor from any liability under the contract, nor shall the insurance requirements be construed to conflict with or otherwise limit the obligations of the contractor concerning indemnification.
- vii. In the event that claims in excess of the insured amounts provided herein, are filed by reason of any operations under the contract, the amount of excess of such claims or any portion thereof, may be withheld from payment due or to become due the contractor until such time as the contractor shall furnish such additional security covering such claims as may be determined by the Town.

Section 20. Indemnification

- 20.1 The contractor hereby agrees to indemnify and save harmless the Town, its officers, employees, elected officials, and agents from and against all liability, loss or damage the Town may suffer, arising directly or indirectly out of the contract between the contractor and the Town. The Contractor further agrees to provide defense for and defend any claims or causes of action of any kind or character directly or indirectly arising out of this Agreement at its sole expense and agrees to bear all other costs and expenses relating thereto. The foregoing provisions shall not be construed to cause the contractor to indemnify the Town, its officers, elected officials, agents or employees from its or their sole negligence.
- **20.2** Neither the acceptance of the completed work nor payment therefore shall release the Contractor from its obligation under this section.

Section 21. Delivery Point

21.1 Specifications, at the location set forth in the Specifications. F.O.B., except on national, state or local holidays when Town buildings are closed. Bidder shall be responsible to verify that the appropriate Town building for delivery is open prior to delivering items. All bid items shall be unloaded and placed within the particular Town building, at points of delivery, and in quantities, as directed by the Town. Any costs incurred by the Town or bidder due to the failure of bidder

- to comply with this requirement will be the responsibility of bidder. Bidder should be prepared to furnish proof of delivery, if requested by Town. Deliveries shall be made in accordance with the specifications, and shall be made Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 2 p.m. unless otherwise stated in the
- 21.2 If bidder is shipping bid items to Town using a third-party carrier (US Postal Service, UPS, FedEx), there shall be no additional shipping charge to the Town.
- **21.3** Delivery will not be complete until the good are inspected and accepted by the Town.

Section 22. <u>Date of Delivery</u>

22.1 Delivery of all materials included under this bid shall be made not later than the date specified in the Bid Documents or Project Schedule. If contractor cannot meet the delivery date specified in Bid Documents or Project Schedule, contractor shall state on the bid form the proposed date of delivery and such date will considered when determining responsiveness in awarding the bid.

Section 23. Damages

23.1 The contractor shall be fully responsible for shipping and delivery of materials specified in the Bid Documents or Project Schedule in an undamaged condition. Town will not consider the carrier responsible for damaged or delayed deliveries. Any bid item damaged or broken when delivered to Town shall be replaced immediately by contractor at no cost to the Town.

Section 24. Warranty/Guarantee

- 24.1 It is the intent of the Bid Documents to require first-class work and materials and any work not fully covered herein Bid Documents shall be interpreted to require first-class work and materials, and such interpretations shall be binding upon the Contractor. The contractor shall be fully responsible for performance of work in a satisfactory manner with satisfactory results in the discretion of the Town quality materials. For any unexpected features arising during the progress of the
- **24.2** Contractor is deemed to warrant and guarantee all work performed under this agreement.
- 24.3 Unless otherwise stated in other parts of the specifications, all work performed or goods supplied under the contract shall be guaranteed by the contractor against all defects resulting from the use of inferior materials, equipment or workmanship, for a period of one (1) year from the date of final completion and acceptance of the work, which shall be defined as the date of the Town's approval of the final Certificate for Payment or from the date the Town takes possession and makes full use of the constructed facility.
- 24.4 Any goods furnished must be standard, new, latest model of the regular stock

product, as required by the specifications, with parts regularly used for the type of equipment offered.

24.5 No attachment or part will be substituted or applied contrary to manufacturer's recommended and standard practice. All regularly manufactured stock electrical items must bear the label of the Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Any equipment, part or constructed item which is or becomes defective during the guarantee period shall be replaced or redone by the contractor, including all labor at no additional charge to the Town. All replacements shall carry the same guarantee as the original equipment. The contractor shall make any such replacement promptly upon receiving written notice from Town.

Section 25. Breach of Contract/Termination

25.1 If contractor fails to deliver as ordered, or within the time specified, or within reasonable time as interpreted by Town, or fails to make replacement of rejected or defective goods, whether so requested immediately or as directed by Town, that shall constitute a breach of the contract, and Town may arrange to have the work performed from other sources to take the place of the work product found defective or not delivered. Without limiting the foregoing, Town reserves the right to terminate the contract upon breach upon within ten (10) days written notice provided to the contractor.

Section 26. Prevailing Wage Rates And Supplements

- **26.1** Wages to be Paid and Supplements to be Provided
 - i. The contractor shall, at its own cost and expense, comply with all provisions of the Labor Law (i.e. prevailing rate of wages and supplements), Lien Law, Workmen's Compensation Law and all other laws and ordinances affecting the contract or order, either Federal, State or local.

26.2 Records to be kept on Site

The contractor, subcontractors at any tier shall certify their payrolls and keep them on site and available, in addition to the following informative records:

- i. Record of hours worked by each workman, laborer and mechanic on each day;
- ii. Record of days worked each week by each workman, laborer and mechanic:
- iii. Schedule of occupation or occupations at which each workman, laborer and mechanic on the project is employed during each work day and week;
- iv. Schedule of hourly wage rates paid to each workman, laborer and mechanic for each occupation.
- v. A statement or declaration signed by each workman, laborer and mechanic attesting that they have been provided with a written notice, informing them of the prevailing wage rates and supplements requirement for the contract.

Section 27. Estimates and Payments

- 27.1 As the work progresses but not more often than once a month and then on such days as the Town shall direct, the contractor will submit a requisition in writing of the amount and value of the work performed and the materials and equipment provided to the date of the requisition, less any amount previously paid to the contractor.
- 27.2 From each requisition, the Town will retain five percent (5%) plus one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the amount necessary to satisfy any claims, liens or judgments against the contractor that have not been suitably discharged. The Town will thereupon cause the balance of the requisition therein to be paid to the contractor.
- 27.3 As a condition to the making of any progress payment as set forth in this paragraph, the Town, in its sole discretion may require the contractor to submit such document as may be reasonably required to establish that the contractor and its subcontractors have timely and properly paid their respective subcontractors and materialmen at any tier.
- 27.4 When the work or major portion thereof, as contemplated by the terms of the contract are substantially completed in the judgment of the Town, the contractor shall submit a requisition for the remainder of the contract balance. An amount equal to two (2) times the value of the remaining items to be completed plus one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the amount that the Town deems necessary to satisfy to satisfy any claims, liens or judgments against the contractor which have not been suitably discharged shall be deducted from the requisition. As the remaining items of work are satisfactorily completed or corrected, the Town will, upon receipt of a requisition, pay for these items less one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the amount necessary to satisfy any claims, liens or judgments.
- 27.5 All estimates will be made for actual quantities for work performed and materials and equipment incorporated in the work as determined by the measurements of the Town, and this determination shall be accepted as final, conclusive and binding upon the contractor. All estimates will be subject to correction in any succeeding estimate.
- 27.6 Payment will be made only upon the written request of the contractor. Payment requests shall be processed by the Town no more than one (1) time per month. Payment will be made for materials pertinent to the project which have been delivered to the site or off-site by the contractor suitably stored and secured in first-class condition as required by the Town. The contractor must submit certified copies of the manufacturer's or vendor's invoices or statements establishing the true purchase value of the material or equipment; freight bills, release of liens and certificate of insurance covering all equipment and materials.
- 27.7 The Contractor shall be responsible for safeguarding stored equipment and materials against loss or damage of any nature whatsoever, shall retain title until

incorporated into the work and acceptance by the Town and in case of loss or damage, the contractor shall replace such lost or damaged equipment and materials at no cost to the Town. After receipt of payment, the contractor shall not remove from the site equipment and materials for which such payment was made without written authorization from the Town.

- 27.8 Within thirty (30) days after receiving written notice from the Contractor of substantial completion of the work under this Agreement, the Town will cause an inspection to be made of the work done under the contract. If, upon such inspection, the Town determines that the work is substantially complete, a Substantial Completion Payment to the contractor for the work done under the contract, less any and all deductions authorized to be made by the Town under the contract or by law, will be issued.
- **27.9** As a condition precedent to receiving payment therefore, the Contractor must have received Town approval of all Shop Drawing submittals, the Operation and Maintenance Manuals, and As-Built Drawing(s).
- 27.10 Together with its application for substantial completion payment the Contractor shall also deliver to the Town a verified statement certifying that all claims or liabilities arising from the completed work, including all charges for Extra Work, Change Orders, additional time, damages or credits (collectively referred to as "claims") have been presented to the Town. All such claims shall be described in sufficient detail so as to be easily identified. The contractor's failure to submit the verified statement shall constitute a full and final waiver of all claims against the Town from the beginning of the project through the date of substantial completion as established by the Town. The presentation of the verified statement to the Town shall not constitute an acknowledgement by the Town that any such claim is valid. The Town expressly reserves its right to assert that any such claim(s) is waived or precluded by reason of other provisions of the contract documents. Only claims particularly identified on the contractor's verified statement shall be preserved; all other claims whatever nature shall be deemed waived and released. It shall also submit proof of title of the materials and equipment covered by the contract. The contractor shall also, prior to the issuance of said Substantial Completion Payment, supply to the Town affidavits and certificates for labor, material and equipment (where applicable).
- 27.11 Within ten (10) days after receiving written notice from the contractor of completion of all the work, the Town will make a final inspection. If upon inspection the Town determines that no further work is needed, the Town will request that the Town approve the completion of the project and authorize payment of the Final Estimate.

Section 28. Payments To Subcontractors And Materialmen By Contractor

- Within fifteen (15) calendar days of the receipt of any payment from the Town, the contractor shall pay each of its subcontractors and materialmen the proceeds from the payment representing the value of the work performed and/or materials furnished by the subcontractor and/or materialmen as reflected in the payment from the Town less an amount necessary to satisfy any claims, liens or judgment against the subcontractor or materialman which have not been suitably discharged and less any retained amount as hereafter described.
- 28.2 Nothing provided herein shall create any obligation on the part of the Town to pay or to see the payment of any moneys to any subcontractor or materialman from any contractor nor shall anything provided herein serve to create any relationship in contract or otherwise, implied or expressed between the subcontractor or materialman and the Town. Notwithstanding anything to the foregoing, the Town may tender payments to the Contractor in the form of joint or dual payee checks.

Section 29. Change in the Contract Price

- 29.1 The Contract Price constitutes the total compensation (subject to authorized adjustments) payable to the contractor for performing the work pursuant to the contract. All duties, responsibilities and obligations assigned to or undertaken by the contractor shall be at its expense without change in the Contract Price.
- 29.2 The Contract Price may only be changed by a Change Order. Any claim for an increase in the Contract Price shall be based on written notice delivered to Town within fifteen (15) days of the occurrence of the event giving rise to the claim. Notice of the amount of the claim with supporting data shall be delivered within twenty (20) days of such occurrence unless the Town allows an additional period of time to ascertain accurate cost data. Any change in the Contract Price resulting from any such claim shall be incorporated in a Change Order. All change orders are subject to the determination and approval of the Town Board.

Section 30. Proper Method of Work And Proper Materials

- 30.1 The Town shall have the power in general to direct the order and sequence of the work, which will be such as to permit the entire work under the contract to be begun and to proceed as rapidly as possible, and such as to bring the several parts of the work to a successful completion at about the same time.
- 30.2 If at any time before the commencement or during the progress of the work the materials and appliances used or to be used appear to the Town as insufficient or improper for securing the quality of work required, or the required rate of progress, he may order the contractor to increase its efficiency or to improve their character, and the contractor shall promptly conform to such order; but the failure of the Town to demand any increase of such efficiency or improvement shall not release the Contractor from its obligation to secure the quality of work or the rate of progress specified.\

- 30.3 The Contractor will establish the lines, grades and measurements necessary in his opinion to properly locate the work, by setting suitably marked offset or reference stakes. These stakes are referenced to the control points, coordinates and similar data that may be shown on the contract drawings, but the Town reserves the right to modify that information.
- **30.4** The Contractor shall carefully and properly preserve all stakes, pins and markers required at no additional costs to the Town. All existing property lines and survey monuments which may, of necessity have to be disturbed during the construction work, will be property tied to fixed points and reset by the Contractor at no cost to the Town.

Section 31. Utilities and Service Lines

31.1 The Contractor is hereby warned that a reasonable opportunity is to be given the municipalities and public service corporations to alter and install pipes, conduits or other structures prior to placing to pavement. No guarantee is given that public utility structures and service lines herein shown are correctly located. Locations given are from the best available information.

Section 32. <u>Protection, Existing Structures</u>

- 32.1 The Contractor, at his expense, shall protect adjacent and other property or premises from damage of any kind during the progress of the work and shall erect and maintain guards around his work in such a way as to afford protection to the public. The Contractor shall be held responsible for improper, illegal, or negligent conduct of himself, his subcontractors, employees and agents in and about said work or in the execution of the work covered by this Contract.
- 32.2 The Contractor shall, at his expense, sustain in their places and permanently protect from direct or indirect injury any and all pipelines, subways, pavements, sidewalks, curbs, railways, buildings, trees, poles, wells, and other property in the vicinity of his work, whether over-or underground, or which appear within the trench or excavations, and he shall assume all costs and expenses for direct or indirect damage which may be occasioned by injury to any of them.
- 32.3 The Contractor's liability shall also include the damage or injury sustained by any structure whatsoever due to settlement of trenches or excavations or to settlement or lateral movement of the sides of such trenches or excavations, whether such movement occurs during or after excavation or backfilling of such trenches or excavations. His liability to so support and protect all such structures from damage or injury shall continue without limitation, throughout the Contract period and during the period of guarantee.

- 32.4 The Contractor shall at all times have on the ground suitable and sufficient material and shall use the same as may be necessary or required for sustaining and supporting any and all such structures which are uncovered, undermined, weakened, endangered, threatened, or otherwise materially affected.
- 32.5 In case injury occurs to any portion of a pipeline or structure, or to the material surrounding or supporting the same, through blasting or similar operations, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Engineer, and, at his expense, shall remove such injured work and shall rebuild the pipeline or structure and shall replace the material surrounding the supporting the same, or shall furnish such material and perform such work of repairs or replacement as the Town may order. Any damage whatsoever shall be promptly, completely and satisfactorily repaired by the Contractor at his expense.

Section 33. Acceleration of the Work

- 33.1 The Town may, at its sole discretion and as circumstances reasonably require, require the contractor to accelerate the schedule of performance by providing overtime, extended day, extra crews, Saturday, Sunday and/or holiday work and/or by having all or any subcontractors designated by the Town provide overtime, extended day, extra crews, Saturday, Sunday or holiday work by the contractor's or his subcontractor's own forces.
- 33.2 The Town, pursuant to a validly issued written change order, may reimburse the contractor for the direct cost to the contractor of the premium time for the labor utilized by the contractor in such overtime, extended day, extra crews, Saturday, Sunday or holiday work(but not for the straight time costs of such labor) together with any social security and state or federal unemployment insurance taxes in connection with such premium time. However, no overhead, supervision costs, commissions, profit or other costs and expenses of any nature whatsoever, including impact costs or costs associated with lost efficiency or productivity, shall be payable in connection therewith.
- 33.3 Anything to the foregoing notwithstanding, in the event that the contractor has fallen behind schedule or in the Town's judgment appears likely to fall behind schedule, Town shall have the absolute right to direct the contractor to accelerate the performance of its work, including that of its subcontractors, and the full costs for such acceleration shall be borne solely by the contractor.

Section 34. Stopping Work

- **34.1** Town May Suspend Work:
 - i. The Town may, at any time and without cause, suspend the work or any portion thereof for a period of not more than ninety (90) days by notice in writing to the contractor which shall fix the date on which work shall be resumed. The contractor shall resume the Work on the date so fixed. Subject to the approval of the Town Board, the contractor may be

allowed an increase in the Contract Price or an extension of the Contract Time, or both, directly attributable to any suspension.

34.2 The Town May Terminate:

- **A.** Upon the occurrence of any one or more of the following events:
 - 1. If the contractor is adjudged bankrupt or insolvent,
 - 2. If the contractor makes a general assignment for the benefit of creditors,
 - 3. If a trustee or receiver is appointed for the contractor or for any of the contractor 's property,
 - 4. If the contractor files a petition to take advantage of any debtor's act, or to reorganize under the bankruptcy or similar laws,
 - 5. If the contractor repeatedly fails to supply sufficient skilled workers or suitable materials or equipment,
 - 6. If the contractor repeatedly fails to make prompt payments to Subcontractors or for labor, materials or equipment,
 - 7. If the contractor disregards laws, ordinances, rules, regulations or orders of any public body having jurisdiction,
 - 8. If the contractor disregards the authority of the Town, or
 - 9. If the contractor otherwise violates in any substantial way any provisions of the Bid Documents or the Contract. The Town may after giving the contractor and its Surety seven (7) days written notice, terminate the services of the contractor, exclude the contractor from the site, incorporate in the Work all materials and equipment stored at the site or for which Town has paid the contractor but which are stored elsewhere, and finish the Work as Town may deem expedient. In such case the contractor shall not be entitled to receive any further payment until the work is finished. If the unpaid balance of the Contract Price exceeds the direct and indirect costs of completing the work, including compensation for additional professional services, such excess shall be paid to the contractor. If such costs exceed such unpaid balance, the contractor shall pay the difference to the Town.
- **B.** Where the contractor's services have been so terminated by the Town, the termination shall not affect any rights of Town against the contractor then existing or which may thereafter accrue. Any retention or payment of moneys due the contractor by Town will not release the contractor from liability.

- C. Upon seven (7) days written notice to the contractor, Town may, without cause and without prejudice to any other right or remedy, elect to abandon the work and terminate the Agreement. In such case, the contractor shall be paid (without duplication of any items):
 - 1. For completed and acceptable Work executed in accordance with the Contract Documents prior to the effective date or termination, including fair and reasonable sum of overhead and profit on such work;
 - For expenses sustained prior to effective date of termination in performing services and furnishing labor, materials or equipment as required by the Contract Documents in connection with uncompleted Work, plus fair and reasonable sums for overhead and profit on such expenses;
 - 3. For amounts paid in settlement of terminated contracts with Subcontractors, manufacturers, fabricators, suppliers or distributors and others; and
 - 4. For reasonable expenses directly attributable to termination. contractor shall not be paid on account of loss of anticipated profits or revenue or other economic loss or any consequential damages arising out of such termination.

Section 35. Change in the Contract Time

- 35.1 The contractor agrees that it will make no claim against the Town or any of its representatives for damages for delay, interference or disruption in the performance of its Contract occasioned by any act or omission to act by the Town or any of its representatives, or occasioned by any act or omission of any other contractor and further agrees that any such claim shall be fully compensated for by an extension of time to complete the performance of the work as provided herein.
- 35.2 The Contract Time may only be changed by a Change Order. Any claim for an extension in the Contract Time shall be based on written notice delivered to Town within fifteen (15) days of the occurrence of the event giving rise to the claim. Notice of the extent of the claim with supporting data shall be delivered within twenty (20) days of such occurrence unless the Town allows an additional period of time to ascertain more accurate data. Any change in the Contract Time resulting from any such claim shall be incorporated in a Change Order.
- 35.3 The Contract Time will be extended in an amount equal to time lost due to delays beyond the control of the contractor. Such delays shall include, but not be limited to, acts or neglect by Town, or to fires, floods, labor disputes, epidemics, abnormal weather conditions, or acts of God. No extension of the Contract Time will be granted where the delay is attributable to a subcontractor, manufacturer, fabricator, supplier or distributor or any other party performing services or

- furnishing material or equipment on behalf of the contractor unless such party's delay is attributable to one of the above enumerated causes.
- 35.4 The time limits concerning Substantial Completion and final completion as stated in the Contract Documents are of the essence. The provisions of this section shall not exclude recovery for damages (including compensation for additional professional services) for delay by either party, provided, however that the contractor shall not be entitled to damages for any delay occurring as a consequence of a delay if the performance of said additional work was noted in the Contract Documents and the delay (by others) was not directly caused by the fault of the Town.

Section 36 Disputed Work - Notice of Claims For Damages

- 36.1 If the contractor is of the opinion that any work required, necessitated, or ordered violates or conflicts with or is not required by the terms and provisions of the contract, he must promptly, within five (5) calendar days after being directed to perform such work, notify the Town, in writing, of its contentions with respect thereto and request a final determination thereon. If the Town determines that the work in question is contract and not extra work, or that the order complained of is proper, he will direct the Contractor in writing to proceed and the Contractor shall promptly comply. In order, however, to preserve its right to claim compensation for such work or damages resulting from such compliance, the Contractor must, within seven (7) calendar days after receiving notice of the Town's determination and direction, notify the Town, in writing that the work is being performed or that the determination and direction is being complied with, under protest. Failure of the Contractor to so notify shall be deemed as a waiver of claim for extra compensation or damages therefore.
- **36.2** The contractor is bound by the provisions of all applicable laws, including but not limited to the General Municipal Law and the Town Law, as related to the presentation of claims.
- 36.3 While the contractor is performing disputed work or complying with a determination or order under protest in accordance with this Article, in each such case the contractor shall furnish the Town daily with three copies of written statements signed by the Contractor's representatives at the site showing:
 - i. the name of each workman employed on such work or engaged in complying with such determination or order, the number of hours employed thereon, and the character of the work each is doing; and
 - ii. the nature and quantity of any materials, plant and equipment furnished or used in connection with the performance of such work or compliance with such order, and from whom purchased or rented.

- 36.4 The contractor shall carry on the work and maintain the progress schedule during all disputes or disagreements with the Town. No work shall be delayed or postponed pending resolution of any disputes or disagreements, except as the contractor and Town may otherwise agree in writing.
- 36.5 Before final acceptance of the work by the Town, all matters of dispute must be adjusted to the mutual satisfaction of the parties thereto. Determinations and decisions in case any question shall arise, shall constitute a condition precedent to the right of the Contractor to receive the money therefore, until the matter in question has been adjusted.

PART THREE

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

See Specifications prepared by JMF Architect, PLLC – attached hereto

NON-COLLUSIVE BIDDING CERTIFICATION

This Non-Collusive Bidding Certificate is made pursuant to Section 103-d of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

By submission of this bid, Bidder and each person signing on behalf of Bidder certifies, and in the case of a joint bid each party thereto certifies as to its own organization, under penalty of perjury, that to the best of his or her knowledge and belief:

The prices in this bid have been arrived at independently without collusion, consultation, communication, or agreement for the purpose of restricting competition, as to any matter relating to such prices with any other Bidder or with any competitor;

Unless otherwise required by law, the prices which have been quoted in this bid have not been knowingly disclosed by Bidder and will not knowingly be disclosed by Bidder prior to opening, directly or indirectly, to any other bidder or to any competitor; and

No attempt has been made or will be made by the bidder to induce any other person, partnership or corporation to submit or not to submit a bid for the purpose of restricting competition.

A bid shall not be considered for award nor shall any award be made where (1) (2) and (3) above, have not been complied with; provided, however, that if in any case Bidder cannot make the foregoing certification, Bidder shall so state and shall furnish with the bid a signed statement which sets forth in detail the reasons therefore. Where (1) (2) and (3) above have not been complied with, the bid shall not be considered for award nor shall any award be made unless the head of the purchasing unit of the political subdivision, public department, agency or official thereof to which the bid is made, or his designee, determines that such disclosure was not made for the purpose of restricting competition.

Dated:		Bidder:
		(Legal name of person, firm or corporation)
		By:
		(Signature)
		(Please Print Name)
		(Title)
State of New York)	
Town of)ss.:	
On the day of		in the year 2016 before me, the undersigned, personally
appeared		, personally known to me or proved to me on the basis of
satisfactory evidence to be	the individu	ual(s) whose name(s) is (are) subscribed to the within instrumen
•		ney executed the same in his/her/their capacity(ies), and that by
e e		ment, the individual(s), or the person upon behalf of which the
individual(s) acted, execute		
		(Notary Public)

SECTION 011000 - SUMMARY

1.GENERAL

SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Project information.
- 2. Work covered by Contract Documents.
- 3. Phased construction.
- 4. Work under separate contracts.
- Access to site.
- 6. Coordination with occupants.
- 7. Work restrictions.
- 8. Specification and drawing conventions.
- 9. Miscellaneous provisions.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 015000 "Temporary Facilities and Controls" for limitations and procedures governing temporary use of Owner's facilities.

2. PROJECT INFORMATION

- A. Project Identification: Amazon Park Community Building
 - 1. Project Location: 1601 Wenonah Trail, Yorktown, NY 10598
- B. Owner: Amazon Park.
- C. Architect: JMF Architect PLLC, 2287 Mark Road, Yorktown, NY 10598, Attn: Jim Flandreau.
- D. Contractor: TBD

3. WORK COVERED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

- A. The Work of Project is defined by the Contract Documents and consists of the following:
 - 1. Foundation repair and swale.
- B. Type of Contract.
 - 1. Project will be constructed under a single prime contract.

4. ACCESS TO SITE

- A. General: Contractor shall have full use of Project site for construction operations during construction period. Contractor's use of Project site is limited only by Owner's right to perform work or to retain other contractors on portions of Project.
- B. Use of Site: Do not disturb portions of Project site beyond areas in which the Work is indicated.
 - Driveways, Walkways and Entrances: serving the premises shall remain clear and available to Owner and emergency vehicles at all times. Do not use these areas for parking or storage of materials. Schedule deliveries to minimize use of driveways and entrances by construction operations.
- C. Condition of Existing Building: Maintain portions of existing building affected by construction operations in a weathertight condition throughout construction period. Repair damage caused by construction operations.

COORDINATION WITH OCCUPANTS

- A. Owner Limited Occupancy of Completed Areas of Construction: Owner reserves the right to occupy and to place and install equipment in completed portions of the Work, prior to Substantial Completion of the Work, provided such occupancy does not interfere with completion of the Work. Such placement of equipment and limited occupancy shall not constitute acceptance of the total Work.
 - 1. Obtain a Certificate of Occupancy from authorities having jurisdiction before limited Owner occupancy.
 - On occupancy, Owner will assume responsibility for maintenance and custodial service for occupied portions of Work.

6. WORK RESTRICTIONS

- A. Work Restrictions, General: Comply with restrictions on construction operations.
 - 1. Comply with limitations on use of public streets and with other requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. On-Site Work Hours: Limit work in the existing building to normal business working hours of 8 a.m. to 6 p.m., Monday through Friday, unless otherwise indicated and approved by the Town of Yorktown.
- C. Existing Utility Interruptions: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after providing temporary utility services according to requirements indicated:
- D. Noise, Vibration, and Odors: Coordinate operations that may result in high levels of noise and vibration, odors, or other disruption to Owner occupancy with Owner.

E. Controlled Substances: Use of tobacco products and other controlled substances on Project site are not permitted.

SPECIFICATION AND DRAWING CONVENTIONS

- A. Specification Content: The Specifications use certain conventions for the style of language and the intended meaning of certain terms, words, and phrases when used in particular situations. These conventions are as follows:
 - 1. Imperative mood and streamlined language are generally used in the Specifications. The words "shall," "shall be," or "shall comply with," depending on the context, are implied where a colon (:) is used within a sentence or phrase.
 - 2. Specification requirements are to be performed by Contractor unless specifically stated otherwise.
- B. Division 01 General Requirements: Requirements of Sections in Division 01 apply to the Work of all Sections in the Specifications.
- C. Drawing Coordination: Requirements for materials and products identified on Drawings are described in detail in the Specifications. One or more of the following are used on Drawings to identify materials and products:
 - 1. Terminology: Materials and products are identified by the typical generic terms used in the individual Specifications Sections.
 - 2. Abbreviations: Materials and products are identified by abbreviations.
 - 3. Keynoting: Materials and products are identified by reference keynotes referencing Specification Section numbers found in this Project Manual.

8. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

A. Contractor shall be responsible to obtain all required permits (Building, Stormwater, etc.) and all required certificates of completion.

2.PRODUCTS (Not Used)

3.EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 011000

SECTION 01710- CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES

1.GENERAL

1. SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for contract closeout, including, but not limited to the following:
 - 1. Inspection procedures.
 - 2. Project Record Documents.
 - 3. Warranties
 - 4. Final cleaning.

2. COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate sequence of activates to accommodate required quality-assurance and quality-control services with a minimum of delay and to avoid necessity of removing and replacing construction to accommodate testing and inspecting.
 - 1. Schedule times for tests, inspections, and simple activities.

2.PRODUCTS (Not Used)

3.EXECUTION

1. REPAIR AND PROTECTION

- A. GENERAL: On completion of testing, inspecting, sample taking, and similar services, repair damaged construction and restore substrates and finishes.
 - Provide material and comply with installation requirements specified in other Sections of these Specifications. Restore patched areas and extend restoration into adjoining areas in a manner that eliminates evidence of patching.
 - 2. Comply with the Contract Documents requirements for all divisions.
- B. PAYMENT: Payment schedules shall be as per contract. Final payment will not be issued until all required permits are closed and the site is cleaned per the satisfaction of the Owner.

END OF SECTION 01770

SECTION 024119 - SELECTIVE DEMOLITION

1.GENERAL

SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Demolition and removal of selected portions of building or structure.
- Demolition and removal of selected site elements.

2. MATERIALS OWNERSHIP

- A. Unless otherwise indicated, demolition waste becomes property of Contractor.
- B. Historic items, relics, antiques, and similar objects including, but not limited to, cornerstones and their contents, commemorative plaques and tablets, and other items of interest or value to Owner that may be uncovered during demolition remain the property of Owner.
 - 1. Carefully salvage in a manner to prevent damage and promptly return to Owner.

3. PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Predemolition Conference: Conduct conference at [Project site] < Insert location >.

4. INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Proposed Protection Measures: Submit report, including Drawings, that indicates the measures proposed for protecting individuals and property. Indicate proposed locations and construction of barriers.
- B. Schedule of selective demolition activities with starting and ending dates for each activity.
- C. Predemolition photographs or video.

CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Inventory of items that have been removed and salvaged.

FIELD CONDITIONS

- Owner will not occupy any portions of building.
- B. Conditions existing at time of inspection for bidding purpose will be maintained by Owner as far as practical.
 - 1. Before selective demolition, Owner will remove the following items:

- a. All items stored under the building.
- C. Notify Architect of discrepancies between existing conditions and Drawings before proceeding with selective demolition.
- D. Hazardous Materials: It is not expected that hazardous materials will be encountered in the Work.
 - 1. Hazardous materials will be removed by Owner before start of the Work.
 - 2. If suspected hazardous materials are encountered, do not disturb; immediately notify Architect and Owner. Hazardous materials will be removed by Owner under a separate contract.
- E. Storage or sale of removed items or materials on-site is not permitted.
- F. Utility Service: Maintain existing utilities indicated to remain in service and protect them against damage during selective demolition operations.
 - 1. Maintain fire-protection facilities in service during selective demolition operations.
- G. Arrange selective demolition schedule so as not to interfere with Owner's operations.

7. WARRANTY

A. Existing Warranties: Remove, replace, patch, and repair materials and surfaces cut or damaged during selective demolition, by methods and with materials and using approved contractors so as not to void existing warranties.

2.PRODUCTS

- 1. PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
 - A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before beginning selective demolition. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
 - B. Standards: Comply with ASSE A10.6 and NFPA 241.

3.EXECUTION

- EXAMINATION
 - Inventory and record the condition of items to be removed and salvaged.
- 2. PROTECTION
 - A. Temporary Protection: Provide temporary barricades and other protection required to prevent injury to people and damage to adjacent buildings and facilities to remain.

- B. Temporary Shoring: Design, provide, and maintain shoring, bracing, and structural supports as required to preserve stability and prevent movement, settlement, or collapse of construction and finishes to remain, and to prevent unexpected or uncontrolled movement or collapse of construction being demolished.
- C. Remove temporary barricades and protections where hazards no longer exist.

3. SELECTIVE DEMOLITION

- A. General: Demolish and remove existing construction only to the extent required by new construction and as indicated. Use methods required to complete the Work within limitations of governing regulations and as follows:
 - Neatly cut openings and holes plumb, square, and true to dimensions required. Use cutting methods least likely to damage construction to remain or adjoining construction. Use hand tools or small power tools designed for sawing or grinding, not hammering and chopping. Temporarily cover openings to remain.
 - 2. Cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces to avoid marring existing finished surfaces.
 - 3. Do not use cutting torches until work area is cleared of flammable materials. At concealed spaces, such as duct and pipe interiors, verify condition and contents of hidden space before starting flame-cutting operations. Maintain portable fire-suppression devices during flame-cutting operations.
 - 4. Maintain fire watch during and for at least 2 hours after flame-cutting operations.
 - 5. Locate selective demolition equipment and remove debris and materials so as not to impose excessive loads on supporting walls, floors, or framing.
 - 6. Dispose of demolished items and materials promptly.
- B. Site Access and Temporary Controls: Conduct selective demolition and debris-removal operations to ensure minimum interference with roads, streets, walks, walkways, and other adjacent occupied and used facilities.
- C. Removed and Salvaged Items:
 - 1. Clean salvaged items.
 - 2. Pack or crate items after cleaning. Identify contents of containers.
 - 3. Store items in a secure area until delivery to Owner.
 - 4. Transport items to Owner's storage area TDB.
 - 5. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.

D. Removed and Reinstalled Items:

- Clean and repair items to functional condition adequate for intended reuse.
- 2. Pack or crate items after cleaning and repairing. Identify contents of containers.
- 3. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.
- 4. Reinstall items in locations indicated. Comply with installation requirements for new materials and equipment. Provide connections, supports, and miscellaneous materials necessary to make item functional for use indicated.
- E. Existing Items to Remain: Protect construction indicated to remain against damage and soiling during selective demolition. When permitted by Architect, items may be removed to a suitable, protected storage location during selective demolition and reinstalled in their original locations after selective demolition operations are complete.

4. CLEANING

- A. Remove demolition waste materials from Project site.
 - 1. Do not allow demolished materials to accumulate on-site.
 - 2. Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces and areas.
 - 3. Remove debris from elevated portions of building by chute, hoist, or other device that will convey debris to grade level in a controlled descent.
 - 4. Comply with requirements specified in Section 017419 "Construction Waste Management and Disposal."
- B. Burning: Do not burn demolished materials.
- C. Clean adjacent structures and improvements of dust, dirt, and debris caused by selective demolition operations. Return adjacent areas to condition existing before selective demolition operations began.

SECTION 04810- UNIT MASONRY ASSEMBLIES

1.GENERAL

SUMMARY

- A. This Section Includes unit masonry assemblies consisting of the following:
 - 1. Concrete masonry units.

2. QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Preconstruction Testing Service: All concrete masonry units shall comply with ASTM C 67.

2.PRODUCTS

1. STEEL REINFORCEMENT INSTALLATION

- A. General: Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" for fabricating, placing and supporting reinforcement.
 - 1. Do not cut or puncture vapor retarder. Repair damage and reseal vapor retarder before placing concrete.

JOINTS

- A. General: Construct joints true to line with faces perpendicular to surface plane of concrete.
- B. Construction joints: Install so strength and appearance of concrete are not impaired, at locations indicated.

WATERSTOP INSTALLATION

A. Waterstops: Install in construction joints and at other locations indicated, according to manufacturer's written instructions.

4. CONCRETE PLACEMENT

- A. Before placing concrete, verify that installation of formwork, reinforcement, and embedded items is complete and that required inspections are completed.
- B. Deposit concrete continuously in one layer or in horizontal layers of such thickness that no new concrete is placed on concrete that has hardened enough to cause seams or planes of weakness.

FINSHED FORMED SURFACES

A. Smooth-formed Finish: As-cast concrete texture imparted by form-facing material, arranged in as orderly and symmetrical manner with a minimum of seams. Repair and patch tie holes and defects. Remove fins and other projections that exceed specified limits on formed-surface irregularities.

6. CONCRETE PROTECTING AND CURING

- A. General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures. Comply with ACI 306.1 for cold-weather protection and ACI301 for hot-weather protection during curing.
- B. Evaporation Retarder: Apply evaporation retarder to unformed concrete surfaces if hot, dry or windy conditions cause moisture loss before and during finishing operations. Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions after placing, screeding, and bull floating or darbying concrete, but before float finishing.

CONCRETE MIXTURES FOR BUILDING ELEMENTS

- A. Normal-weight Concrete:
 - 1. Minimum Compressive Strength: 4500 psi at 28 days.
 - Maximum W/C Ratio: 0.45
 - 3. Slump Limit: 4 inches

8. FABRICATING REINFORCEMENT

A. Fabricate steel reinforcement according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice".

CONCRETE MIXING

A. Ready Mixed Concrete: Measure, batch, mix and deliver concrete according to ASTM C94 and furnish batch ticket information.

1. When air temperature is between 85 and 90 deg F, reduce mixing and delivery from 1-1/2 hours to 75 minutes; when air temperature is 90 deg F, reduce mixing and delivery time to 60 minutes.

3.EXECUTION

FORMWORK INSTALLATION

- A. Design, erect, shore, brace, and maintain formwork, according to ACI 301 to support vertical, lateral, static, and dynamic loads and construction loads that might be applied, until structure can support such loads.
- B. Construct formwork so concrete members and structures are of size, shape, alignment, elevation, and position indicated, within tolerance limits of ACI 117.

C. Do not chamfer exterior corners and edges of permanently exposed concrete.

SECTION 033000 - CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

1.GENERAL

1. SUMMARY

A. Section includes cast-in-place concrete, including formwork, reinforcement, concrete materials, mixture design, placement procedures, and finishes.

2. ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Design Mixtures: For each concrete mixture.

3. INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Material certificates.
- B. Material test reports.

4. QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing ready-mixed concrete products and that complies with ASTM C 94/C 94M requirements for production facilities and equipment.
 - 1. Manufacturer certified according to NRMCA's "Certification of Ready Mixed Concrete Production Facilities."
- B. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency, qualified according to ASTM C 1077 and ASTM E 329 for testing indicated.

FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Cold-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 306.1.
 - 1. Do not use calcium chloride, salt, or other materials containing antifreeze agents or chemical accelerators unless otherwise specified and approved in mixture designs.
- B. Hot-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 301.

2.PRODUCTS

CONCRETE, GENERAL

A. ACI Publications: Comply with the following unless modified by requirements in the Contract Documents:

- 1. ACI 301.
- 2. ACI 117.

2. FORM-FACING MATERIALS

A. Smooth-Formed Finished Concrete: Form-facing panels that provide continuous, true, and smooth concrete surfaces. Furnish in largest practicable sizes to minimize number of joints.

STEEL REINFORCEMENT

- A. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60, deformed.
- B. Bar Supports: Bolsters, chairs, spacers, and other devices for spacing, supporting, and fastening reinforcing bars and welded-wire reinforcement in place. Manufacture bar supports from steel wire, plastic, or precast concrete according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice."

CONCRETE MATERIALS

- A. Regional Materials: Concrete shall be manufactured within 25 miles of Project site from aggregates and cementitious materials.
- B. Cementitious Materials:
 - 1. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150/C 150M, Type I/II
 - 2. Blended Hydraulic Cement: ASTM C 595/C 595M, Type IL, portland-limestone cement.
- C. Normal-Weight Aggregates: ASTM C 33/C 33M, graded.
 - 1. Maximum Coarse-Aggregate Size: 1 inch nominal.
 - 2. Fine Aggregate: Free of materials with deleterious reactivity to alkali in cement.
- D. Chemical Admixtures: Certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that do not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride.
 - Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type A.
 - Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type B.
 - 3. Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type D.
 - 4. High-Range, Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type F.
 - 5. High-Range, Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type G.
 - 6. Plasticizing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 1017/C 1017M, Type II.
- E. Water: ASTM C 94/C 94M.

VAPOR RETARDERS

A. Sheet Vapor Retarder: Polyethylene sheet, ASTM D 4397, not less than 10 mils thick.

CURING MATERIALS 6.

Moisture-Retaining Cover: ASTM C 171, polyethylene film or white burlap-polyethylene sheet. A.

RELATED MATERIALS 7.

Expansion- and Isolation-Joint-Filler Strips: ASTM D 1751, asphalt-saturated cellulosic fiber. A.

CONCRETE MIXTURES, GENERAL 8.

- Prepare design mixtures for each type and strength of concrete, proportioned on the basis of A. laboratory trial mixture or field test data, or both, according to ACI 301.
- Cementitious Materials: Use fly ash, pozzolan, slag cement, and silica fume as needed to reduce B. the total amount of portland cement, which would otherwise be used, by not less than 40 percent.
- Admixtures: Use admixtures according to manufacturer's written instructions. C.

Use water-reducing and -retarding admixture when required by high temperatures, low

humidity, or other adverse placement conditions.

Use water-reducing admixture in pumped concrete, concrete for heavy-use industrial 2. slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a w/c ratio below 0.50.

CONCRETE MIXTURES FOR BUILDING ELEMENTS 9.

Normal-Weight Concrete: A.

- Minimum Compressive Strength: 4500 psi (31 MPa) at 28 days. 1.
- Maximum W/C Ratio: 0.45. 2.
- Slump Limit: 4 inches. 3.

FABRICATING REINFORCEMENT 10.

Fabricate steel reinforcement according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice." A.

CONCRETE MIXING 11.

- Ready-Mixed Concrete: Measure, batch, mix, and deliver concrete according to ASTM C 94/ A. C 94M and furnish batch ticket information.
 - When air temperature is between 85 and 90 deg F (30 and 32 deg C), reduce mixing and 1. delivery time from 1-1/2 hours to 75 minutes; when air temperature is above 90 deg F (32 deg C), reduce mixing and delivery time to 60 minutes.

3.EXECUTION

1. FORMWORK INSTALLATION

- A. Design, erect, shore, brace, and maintain formwork, according to ACI 301, to support vertical, lateral, static, and dynamic loads, and construction loads that might be applied, until structure can support such loads.
- B. Construct formwork so concrete members and structures are of size, shape, alignment, elevation, and position indicated, within tolerance limits of ACI 117.
- C. Do not chamfer exterior corners and edges of permanently exposed concrete.

2. EMBEDDED ITEM INSTALLATION

A. Place and secure anchorage devices and other embedded items required for adjoining work that is attached to or supported by cast-in-place concrete. Use setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.

VAPOR-RETARDER INSTALLATION

- A. Sheet Vapor Retarders: Place, protect, and repair sheet vapor retarder according to ASTM E 1643 and manufacturer's written instructions.
 - Lap joints 6 inches and seal with manufacturer's recommended tape.

4. STEEL REINFORCEMENT INSTALLATION

- A. General: Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" for fabricating, placing, and supporting reinforcement.
 - Do not cut or puncture vapor retarder. Repair damage and reseal vapor retarder before placing concrete.

5. JOINTS

- A. General: Construct joints true to line with faces perpendicular to surface plane of concrete.
- B. Construction Joints: Install so strength and appearance of concrete are not impaired, at locations indicated or as approved by Architect.
- C. Contraction Joints in Slabs-on-Grade: Form weakened-plane contraction joints, sectioning concrete into areas as indicated. Construct contraction joints for a depth equal to at least one-fourth of concrete thickness as follows:
 - 1. Grooved Joints: Form contraction joints after initial floating by grooving and finishing each edge of joint to a radius of 1/8 inch (3.2 mm). Repeat grooving of contraction joints after applying surface finishes. Eliminate groover tool marks on concrete surfaces.

- 2. Sawed Joints: Form contraction joints with power saws equipped with shatterproof abrasive or diamond-rimmed blades. Cut 1/8-inch- (3.2-mm-) wide joints into concrete when cutting action does not tear, abrade, or otherwise damage surface and before concrete develops random contraction cracks.
- D. Isolation Joints in Slabs-on-Grade: After removing formwork, install joint-filler strips at slab junctions with vertical surfaces, such as column pedestals, foundation walls, grade beams, and other locations, as indicated.

WATERSTOP INSTALLATION

A. Waterstops: Install in construction joints and at other locations indicated, according to manufacturer's written instructions.

CONCRETE PLACEMENT

- A. Before placing concrete, verify that installation of formwork, reinforcement, and embedded items is complete and that required inspections are completed.
- B. Deposit concrete continuously in one layer or in horizontal layers of such thickness that no new concrete is placed on concrete that has hardened enough to cause seams or planes of weakness. If a section cannot be placed continuously, provide construction joints as indicated. Deposit concrete to avoid segregation.
 - Consolidate placed concrete with mechanical vibrating equipment according to ACI 301.

8. FINISHING FORMED SURFACES

A. Smooth-Formed Finish: As-cast concrete texture imparted by form-facing material, arranged in an orderly and symmetrical manner with a minimum of seams. Repair and patch tie holes and defects. Remove fins and other projections that exceed specified limits on formed-surface irregularities.

9. CONCRETE PROTECTING AND CURING

- A. General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures. Comply with ACI 306.1 for cold-weather protection and ACI 301 (ACI 301M) for hot-weather protection during curing.
- B. Evaporation Retarder: Apply evaporation retarder to unformed concrete surfaces if hot, dry, or windy conditions cause moisture loss approaching 0.2 lb/sq. ft. x h (1 kg/sq. m x h) before and during finishing operations. Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions after placing, screeding, and bull floating or darbying concrete, but before float finishing.
- C. Formed Surfaces: Cure formed concrete surfaces, including underside of beams, supported slabs, and other similar surfaces. If forms remain during curing period, moist cure after loosening forms. If removing forms before end of curing period, continue curing for remainder of curing period.
- D. Cure concrete according to ACI 308.1, by one or a combination of the following methods:

Moisture Curing: Keep surfaces continuously moist for not less than seven days. 1.

Moisture-Retaining-Cover Curing: Cover concrete surfaces with moisture-retaining cover 2. for curing concrete, placed in widest practicable width, with sides and ends lapped at least 12 inches (300 mm), and sealed by waterproof tape or adhesive. Cure for not less than seven days. Immediately repair any holes or tears during curing period, using cover material and waterproof tape.

Curing Compound: Apply uniformly in continuous operation by power spray or roller 3. according to manufacturer's written instructions. Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall within three hours after initial application. Maintain continuity of coating and repair

damage during curing period.

- Removal: After curing period has elapsed, remove curing compound without a. damaging concrete surfaces by method recommended by curing compound manufacturer.
- Curing and Sealing Compound: Apply uniformly to floors and slabs indicated in a continuous operation by power spray or roller according to manufacturer's written 4. instructions. Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall within three hours after initial application. Repeat process 24 hours later and apply a second coat. Maintain continuity of coating and repair damage during curing period.

CONCRETE SURFACE REPAIRS 10.

Defective Concrete: Repair and patch defective areas when approved by Architect. Remove and A. replace concrete that cannot be repaired and patched to Architect's approval.

SECTION 061000 - ROUGH CARPENTRY

1.GENERAL

1. SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Framing with dimension lumber.
- 2. Wood blocking and nailers.
- 3. Wood furring.
- 4. Wood sleepers.
- 5. Plywood backing panels.

2. ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of process and factory-fabricated product.
 - 1. Include data for wood-preservative treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated materials comply with requirements
 - 2. Include data for fire-retardant treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated materials comply with requirements.

3. INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Material Certificates: For dimension lumber specified to comply with minimum allowable unit stresses. Indicate species and grade selected for each use and design values approved by the ALSC Board of Review.
- B. Evaluation Reports: For the following, from ICC-ES:
 - 1. Wood-preservative-treated wood.
 - Engineered wood products.
 - 3. Power-driven fasteners.
 - 4. Powder-actuated fasteners.
 - 5. Expansion anchors.
 - 6. Metal framing anchors.

2 PRODUCTS

1. WOOD PRODUCTS, GENERAL

- A. Certified Wood: Materials shall be produced from wood obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship.
 - 1. Dimension lumber framing.
 - 2. Laminated-veneer lumber.

- Parallel-strand lumber.
- 4. Prefabricated wood I-joists.
- 5. Rim boards.
- Miscellaneous lumber.
- B. Lumber: DOC PS 20 and applicable rules of grading agencies indicated. If no grading agency is indicated, provide lumber that complies with the applicable rules of any rules-writing agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review. Provide lumber graded by an agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review to inspect and grade lumber under the rules indicated.
 - 1. Factory mark each piece of lumber with grade stamp of grading agency.
- C. Maximum Moisture Content of Lumber: 15 percent for 2-inch nominal thickness or less, unless otherwise indicated.

WOOD-PRESERVATIVE-TREATED LUMBER

- A. Preservative Treatment by Pressure Process: AWPA U1; Use Category UC2 for interior construction not in contact with the ground.
 - 1. Preservative Chemicals: Acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction and containing no arsenic or chromium.
- B. Kiln-dry lumber after treatment to a maximum moisture content of 19 percent. Do not use material that is warped or that does not comply with requirements for untreated material.
- C. Mark lumber with treatment quality mark of an inspection agency approved by the ALSC Board of Review.
- D. Application: Treat all rough carpentry unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Wood cants, nailers, curbs, equipment support bases, blocking, stripping, and similar members in connection with roofing, flashing, vapor barriers, and waterproofing.
 - 2. Wood sills, sleepers, blocking, and similar concealed members in contact with masonry or concrete.
 - 3. Wood framing and furring attached directly to the interior of below-grade exterior masonry or concrete walls.
 - 4. Wood framing members that are less than 18 inches above the ground in crawlspaces or unexcavated areas.
 - 5. Wood floor plates that are installed over concrete slabs-on-grade.

MISCELLANEOUS LUMBER

- A. General: Provide miscellaneous lumber indicated and lumber for support or attachment of other construction, including the following:
 - 1. Blocking.
 - 2. Nailers.
 - 3. Furring.
- B. For items of dimension lumber size, provide Standard, Stud, grade lumber of any species.

4. PLYWOOD BACKING PANELS

- A. Equipment Backing Panels: DOC PS 1, Exterior, AC in thickness indicated or, if not indicated, match existing thickness.
 - 1. Plywood shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."

FASTENERS

- A. General: Provide fasteners of size and type indicated that comply with requirements specified in this article for material and manufacture.
 - Where rough carpentry is exposed to weather, in ground contact, pressure-preservative treated, or in area of high relative humidity, provide fasteners with hot-dip zinc coating complying with ASTM A 153/A 153M.
- B. Power-Driven Fasteners: NES NER-272.
- C. Bolts: Steel bolts complying with ASTM A 307, Grade A (ASTM F 568M, Property Class 4.6); with ASTM A 563 (ASTM A 563M) hex nuts and, where indicated, flat washers.

METAL FRAMING ANCHORS

- A. Allowable Design Loads: Provide products with allowable design loads, as published by manufacturer, that meet or exceed those of basis-of-design products. Manufacturer's published values shall be determined from empirical data or by rational engineering analysis and demonstrated by comprehensive testing performed by a qualified independent testing agency.
- B. Galvanized-Steel Sheet: Hot-dip, zinc-coated steel sheet complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 coating designation.
 - 1. Use for interior locations unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Hot-Dip, Heavy-Galvanized Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M; structural steel (SS), high-strength low-alloy steel Type A (HSLAS Type A), or high-strength low-alloy steel Type B (HSLAS Type B); G185 coating designation; and not less than 0.036 inch thick.
 - 1. Use for wood-preservative-treated lumber and where indicated.

3.EXECUTION

1. INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Set rough carpentry to required levels and lines, with members plumb, true to line, cut, and fitted. Fit rough carpentry to other construction; scribe and cope as needed for accurate fit. Locate nailers, blocking, and similar supports to comply with requirements for attaching other construction.

- B. Framing Standard: Comply with AF&PA's WCD 1, "Details for Conventional Wood Frame Construction," unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Metal Framing Anchors: Install metal framing anchors to comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Install fasteners through each fastener hole.
- D. Do not splice structural members between supports unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Comply with AWPA M4 for applying field treatment to cut surfaces of preservative-treated lumber.
- F. Securely attach rough carpentry work to substrate by anchoring and fastening as indicated, complying with the following:
 - 1. NES NER-272 for power-driven fasteners.
 - 2. Table 2304.9.1, "Fastening Schedule," in ICC's International Building Code.
 - 3. Table R602.3(1), "Fastener Schedule for Structural Members," and Table R602.3(2), "Alternate Attachments," in ICC's International Residential Code for One- and Two-Family Dwellings.

2. PROTECTION

A. Protect wood that has been treated with inorganic boron (SBX) from weather. If, despite protection, inorganic boron-treated wood becomes wet, apply EPA-registered borate treatment. Apply borate solution by spraying to comply with EPA-registered label.

SECTION 061600 - SHEATHING

1.GENERAL

1. SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Wall sheathing.
- 2. Underlayment.
- 3. Sheathing joint and penetration treatment.

ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of process and factory-fabricated product. Indicate component materials and dimensions and include construction and application details.
 - Include data for wood-preservative treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated plywood complies with requirements.

3. INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Evaluation Reports: For following products, from ICC-ES:
 - 1. Preservative-treated plywood.

2.PRODUCTS

WOOD PANEL PRODUCTS

- A. Emissions: Products shall meet the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."
- B. Certified Wood: For the following wood products, provide materials produced from wood obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship":
 - 1. Plywood.
 - 2. Oriented strand board.
 - 3. Particleboard underlayment.
 - 4. Hardboard underlayment.
- C. Plywood: DOC PS 1.
- D. Oriented Strand Board: DOC PS 2.

2. PRESERVATIVE-TREATED PLYWOOD

- A. Preservative Treatment by Pressure Process: AWPA U1; Use Category UC2.
- B. Mark plywood with appropriate classification marking of an inspection agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Application: Treat all plywood unless otherwise indicated.

WALL SHEATHING

A. Plywood Wall Sheathing: Exterior, Structural I sheathing.

FASTENERS

A. General: Provide fasteners of size and type indicated that comply with requirements specified in this article for material and manufacture.

5. MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Adhesives for Field Gluing Panels to Framing: Formulation complying with APA AFG-01 that is approved for use with type of construction panel indicated by manufacturers of both adhesives and panels.
 - 1. Adhesives shall have a VOC content of 50g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 - 2. Adhesives shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."

3.EXECUTION

1. INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Do not use materials with defects that impair quality of sheathing or pieces that are too small to use with minimum number of joints or optimum joint arrangement. Arrange joints so that pieces do not span between fewer than three support members.
- B. Cut panels at penetrations, edges, and other obstructions of work; fit tightly against abutting construction unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Securely attach to substrate by fastening as indicated, complying with the following:
 - 1. NES NER-272 for power-driven fasteners.
 - 2. Table 2304.9.1, "Fastening Schedule," in ICC's "International Building Code."
 - Table R602.3(1), "Fastener Schedule for Structural Members," and Table R602.3(2), "Alternate Attachments," in ICC's "International Residential Code for One- and Two-Family Dwellings."

- D. Coordinate wall sheathing installation with flashing and joint-sealant installation so these materials are installed in sequence and manner that prevent exterior moisture from passing through completed assembly.
- E. Do not bridge building expansion joints; cut and space edges of panels to match spacing of structural support elements.

SECTION 072600 - VAPOR RETARDERS

1.GENERAL

SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Polyethylene vapor retarders.

2.PRODUCTS

1. POLYETHYLENE VAPOR RETARDERS

A. Polyethylene Vapor Retarders: ASTM D 4397,6-mil thick sheet, with maximum permeance rating of 0.1 perm (5.7 ng/Pa x s x sq. m).

3.EXECUTION

1. INSTALLATION OF VAPOR RETARDERS ON FRAMING

- A. Extend vapor retarders to extremities of areas to protect from vapor transmission. Secure vapor retarders in place with adhesives, vapor retarder fasteners, or other anchorage system as recommended by manufacturer. Extend vapor retarders to cover miscellaneous voids in insulated substrates, including those filled with loose-fiber insulation.
- B. Seal vertical joints in vapor retarders over framing by lapping no fewer than two studs and sealing with vapor-retarder tape according to vapor-retarder manufacturer's written instructions. Locate all joints over framing members or other solid substrates.
- C. Seal joints caused by pipes, conduits, electrical boxes, and similar items penetrating vapor retarders with vapor-retarder tape to create an airtight seal between penetrating objects and vapor retarders.
- D. Repair tears or punctures in vapor retarders immediately before concealment by other work. Cover with vapor-retarder tape or another layer of vapor retarders.

2. INSTALLATION OF VAPOR RETARDERS IN CRAWL SPACES

- A. Install vapor retarders over prepared grade. Lap joints a minimum of 12 inches and seal with manufacturer's recommended tape. Install second layer over pathways to equipment.
- B. Extend vapor retarder over footings and seal to foundation wall or grade beam with manufacturer's recommended tape.
 - 1. Extend vapor retarder vertically minimum 16 inches above top of footing.

C. Seal around penetrations such as utilities and columns in order to create a monolithic, airtight membrane at grade surface, perimeter, and all vertical penetrations.

SECTION 311000 - SITE CLEARING

1.GENERAL

1. SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Protecting existing vegetation to remain.
- 2. Removing existing vegetation.
- 3. Clearing and grubbing.
- Stripping and stockpiling topsoil.
- 5. Removing above- and below-grade site improvements.
- 6. Disconnecting, capping, or sealing site utilities.
- 7. Temporary erosion and sedimentation control.

2. MATERIAL OWNERSHIP

A. Except for materials indicated to be stockpiled or otherwise remain Owner's property, cleared materials shall become Contractor's property and shall be removed from Project site.

FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Traffic: Minimize interference with adjoining roads, streets, walks, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities during site-clearing operations.
 - 1. Do not close or obstruct streets, walks, or other adjacent occupied or used facilities without permission from Owner and authorities having jurisdiction.
 - Provide alternate routes around closed or obstructed trafficways if required by Owner or authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Salvageable Improvements: Carefully remove items indicated to be salvaged and store on Owner's premises site clearing.
- Utility Locator Service: Notify utility locator service for area where Project is located before site clearing.
- D. Do not commence site clearing operations until temporary erosion- and sedimentation-control measures are in place.

2.PRODUCTS

MATERIALS

A. Satisfactory Soil Material: Requirements for satisfactory soil material are specified in Section 312000 "Earth Moving." 1. Obtain approved borrow soil material off-site when satisfactory soil material is not available on-site.

3.EXECUTION

1. PREPARATION

- A. Protect and maintain benchmarks and survey control points from disturbance during construction.
- B. Protect existing site improvements to remain from damage during construction.
 - 1. Restore damaged improvements to their original condition, as acceptable to Owner.

2. TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

- A. Provide temporary erosion- and sedimentation-control measures to prevent soil erosion and discharge of soil-bearing water runoff or airborne dust to adjacent properties and walkways, according to erosion- and sedimentation-control Drawings and requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Verify that flows of water redirected from construction areas or generated by construction activity do not enter or cross protection zones.
- C. Inspect, maintain, and repair erosion- and sedimentation-control measures during construction until permanent vegetation has been established.
- Remove erosion and sedimentation controls, and restore and stabilize areas disturbed during removal.

3. EXISTING UTILITIES

- A. Locate, identify, maintain existing utilities.
- B. Interrupting Existing Utilities: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others, unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary utility services according to requirements indicated:
 - 1. Notify Architect not less than two days in advance of proposed utility interruptions.
 - Do not proceed with utility interruptions without Architect's written permission.

4. CLEARING AND GRUBBING

- A. Remove obstructions, trees, shrubs, and other vegetation to permit installation of new construction.
 - Use only hand methods or air spade for grubbing within protection zones.
- B. Fill depressions caused by clearing and grubbing operations with satisfactory soil material unless further excavation or earthwork is indicated.

1. Place fill material in horizontal layers not exceeding a loose depth of 8 inches (200 mm), and compact each layer to a density equal to adjacent original ground.

TOPSOIL STRIPPING

- A. Remove sod and grass before stripping topsoil.
- B. Strip topsoil to depth of 6 inches in a manner to prevent intermingling with underlying subsoil or other waste materials.
- C. Stockpile topsoil away from edge of excavations without intermixing with subsoil or other materials. Grade and shape stockpiles to drain surface water. Cover to prevent windblown dust and erosion by water.

6. SITE IMPROVEMENTS

A. Remove existing above- and below-grade improvements as indicated and necessary to facilitate new construction.

7. DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS AND WASTE MATERIALS

- A. Remove surplus soil material, unsuitable topsoil, obstructions, demolished materials, and waste materials including trash and debris, and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.
- B. Separate recyclable materials produced during site clearing from other nonrecyclable materials. Store or stockpile without intermixing with other materials, and transport them to recycling facilities. Do not interfere with other Project work.

SECTION 312000 - EARTH MOVING

1.GENERAL

1. SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- Excavating and filling for rough grading the Site.
- 2. Preparing subgrades for turf and grasses.

2. DEFINITIONS

- A. Backfill: Soil material used to fill an excavation.
 - 1. Initial Backfill: Backfill placed beside and over pipe in a trench, including haunches to support sides of pipe.
 - 2. Final Backfill: Backfill placed over initial backfill to fill a trench.
- B. Fill: Soil materials used to raise existing grades.
- C. Structures: Buildings, footings, foundations, retaining walls, slabs, tanks, curbs, mechanical and electrical appurtenances, or other man-made stationary features constructed above or below the ground surface.
- D. Subbase Course: Aggregate layer placed between the subgrade and base course for hot-mix asphalt pavement, or aggregate layer placed between the subgrade and a cement concrete pavement or a cement concrete or hot-mix asphalt walk.
- E. Subgrade: Uppermost surface of an excavation or the top surface of a fill or backfill immediately below subbase, drainage fill, drainage course, or topsoil materials.
- F. Utilities: On-site underground pipes, conduits, ducts, and cables as well as underground services within buildings.

FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Utility Locator Service: Notify utility locator service for area where Project is located before beginning earth-moving operations.

2.PRODUCTS

SOIL MATERIALS

A. General: Provide borrow soil materials when sufficient satisfactory soil materials are not available from excavations.

B. Satisfactory Soils: Soil Classification Groups GW, GP, GM, SW, SP, and SM according to ASTM D 2487, or a combination of these groups; free of rock or gravel larger than 3 inches in any dimension, debris, waste, frozen materials, vegetation, and other deleterious matter.

2. ACCESSORIES

A. Warning Tape: Acid- and alkali-resistant, polyethylene film warning tape manufactured for marking and identifying underground utilities, 6 inches (150 mm) wide and 4 mils (0.1 mm) thick, continuously inscribed with a description of the utility; colored to comply with local practice or requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

3.EXECUTION

1. PREPARATION

- A. Protect structures, utilities, sidewalks, pavements, and other facilities from damage caused by settlement, lateral movement, undermining, washout, and other hazards created by earth-moving operations.
- B. Protect and maintain erosion and sedimentation controls during earth-moving operations.
- C. Protect subgrades and foundation soils from freezing temperatures and frost. Remove temporary protection before placing subsequent materials.

2. EXCAVATION, GENERAL

- A. Unclassified Excavation: Excavate to subgrade elevations regardless of the character of surface and subsurface conditions encountered. Unclassified excavated materials may include rock, soil materials, and obstructions. No changes in the Contract Sum or the Contract Time will be authorized for rock excavation or removal of obstructions.
 - 1. If excavated materials intended for fill and backfill include unsatisfactory soil materials and rock, replace with satisfactory soil materials.

3. EXCAVATION FOR WALKS AND PAVEMENTS

A. Excavate surfaces under walks and pavements to indicated lines, cross sections, elevations, and subgrades.

4. UNAUTHORIZED EXCAVATION

- A. Fill unauthorized excavation under foundations or wall footings by extending bottom elevation of concrete foundation or footing to excavation bottom, without altering top elevation. Lean concrete fill, with 28-day compressive strength of 2500 psi (17.2 MPa), may be used when approved by Architect.
 - 1. Fill unauthorized excavations under other construction, pipe, or conduit as directed by Architect.

5. STORAGE OF SOIL MATERIALS

- A. Stockpile borrow soil materials and excavated satisfactory soil materials without intermixing. Place, grade, and shape stockpiles to drain surface water. Cover to prevent windblown dust.
 - 1. Stockpile soil materials away from edge of excavations. Do not store within drip line of remaining trees.

6. SOIL FILL

- A. Plow, scarify, bench, or break up sloped surfaces steeper than 1 vertical to 4 horizontal so fill material will bond with existing material.
- B. Place and compact fill material in layers to required elevations as follows:
 - 1. Under grass and planted areas, use satisfactory soil material.
 - 2. Under walks and pavements, use satisfactory soil material.
 - 3. Under steps and ramps, use engineered fill.
 - 4. Under building slabs, use engineered fill.
 - 5. Under footings and foundations, use engineered fill.

7. SOIL MOISTURE CONTROL

- A. Uniformly moisten or aerate subgrade and each subsequent fill or backfill soil layer before compaction to within 2 percent of optimum moisture content.
 - 1. Do not place backfill or fill soil material on surfaces that are muddy, frozen, or contain frost or ice.
 - 2. Remove and replace, or scarify and air dry, otherwise satisfactory soil material that exceeds optimum moisture content by 2 percent and is too wet to compact to specified dry unit weight.

8. COMPACTION OF SOIL BACKFILLS AND FILLS

A. Place backfill and fill soil materials in layers not more than 8 inches (200 mm) in loose depth for material compacted by heavy compaction equipment and not more than 4 inches (100 mm) in loose depth for material compacted by hand-operated tampers.

SECTION 329113 - SOIL PREPARATION

1.GENERAL

SUMMARY

- A. Section includes planting soils specified by composition of the mixes.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 311000 "Site Clearing" for topsoil stripping and stockpiling.

2. DEFINITIONS

- A. Duff Layer: A surface layer of soil, typical of forested areas, that is composed of mostly decayed leaves, twigs, and detritus.
- B. Imported Soil: Soil that is transported to Project site for use.
- C. Manufactured Soil: Soil produced by blending soils, sand, stabilized organic soil amendments, and other materials to produce planting soil.
- D. Planting Soil: Existing, on-site soil; imported soil; or manufactured soil that has been modified as specified with soil amendments and perhaps fertilizers to produce a soil mixture best for plant growth.
- E. Subgrade: Surface or elevation of subsoil remaining after excavation is complete, or the top surface of a fill or backfill before planting soil is placed.
- F. Subsoil: Soil beneath the level of subgrade; soil beneath the topsoil layers of a naturally occurring soil profile, typified by less than 1 percent organic matter and few soil organisms.
- G. Surface Soil: Soil that is present at the top layer of the existing soil profile. In undisturbed areas, surface soil is typically called "topsoil"; but in disturbed areas such as urban environments, the surface soil can be subsoil.
- H. USCC: U.S. Composting Council.

QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent, state-operated, or university-operated laboratory; experienced in soil science, soil testing, and plant nutrition; with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated; and that specializes in types of tests to be performed.

2 PRODUCTS

PLANTING SOILS SPECIFIED BY COMPOSITION

A. Planting-Soil Type Existing, on-site surface soil, with the duff layer, if any, retained and stockpiled on-site; modified to produce viable planting soil. Blend existing, on-site surface soil with the following soil amendments and fertilizers in the following quantities to produce planting soil.

2. FERTILIZERS

- A. Superphosphate: Commercial, phosphate mixture, soluble; a minimum of [20] [33] [50] percent available phosphoric acid.
- B. Slow-Release Fertilizer: Granular or pelleted fertilizer consisting of 50 percent water-insoluble nitrogen, phosphorus, and potassium in the following composition:
 - 1. Composition: 20 percent nitrogen, 10 percent phosphorous, and 10 percent potassium, by weight.
 - 2. Composition: Nitrogen, phosphorous, and potassium in amounts recommended in soil reports from a qualified testing agency.

3.EXECUTION

GENERAL

- A. Place planting soil and fertilizers according to requirements in other Specification Sections.
- B. Verify that no foreign or deleterious material or liquid such as paint, paint washout, concrete slurry, concrete layers or chunks, cement, plaster, oils, gasoline, diesel fuel, paint thinner, turpentine, tar, roofing compound, or acid has been deposited in planting soil.

2. PREPARATION OF UNAMENDED, ON-SITE SOIL BEFORE AMENDING

- A. Excavation: Excavate soil from designated area(s) to a depth of 6 inches and stockpile until amended.
- B. Unacceptable Materials: Clean soil of concrete slurry, concrete layers or chunks, cement, plaster, building debris, oils, gasoline, diesel fuel, paint thinner, turpentine, tar, roofing compound, acid, and other extraneous materials that are harmful to plant growth.
- C. Unsuitable Materials: Clean soil to contain a maximum of 8 percent by dry weight of stones, roots, plants, sod, clay lumps, and pockets of coarse sand.
- D. Screening: Pass unamended soil through a 2-inch sieve to remove large materials.

3. PLACING AND MIXING PLANTING SOIL OVER EXPOSED SUBGRADE

- A. General: Apply and mix unamended soil with amendments on-site to produce required planting soil. Do not apply materials or till if existing soil or subgrade is frozen, muddy, or excessively wet.
- B. Subgrade Preparation: Till subgrade to a minimum depth of 12 inches. Remove stones larger than 2 inches in any dimension and sticks, roots, rubbish, and other extraneous matter and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.
- C. Compaction: Compact each blended lift of planting soil to 75 to 82 percent of maximum Standard Proctor density according to ASTM D 698 and tested in-place.
- D. Finish Grading: Grade planting soil to a smooth, uniform surface plane with loose, uniformly fine texture. Roll and rake, remove ridges, and fill depressions to meet finish grades.

4. PLACING MANUFACTURED PLANTING SOIL OVER EXPOSED SUBGRADE

- A. General: Apply manufactured soil on-site in its final, blended condition. Do not apply materials or till if existing soil or subgrade is frozen, muddy, or excessively wet.
- B. Subgrade Preparation: Till subgrade to a minimum depth of 12 inches. Remove stones larger than 2 inches in any dimension and sticks, roots, rubbish, and other extraneous matter and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.
- C. Application: Spread planting soil to total depth of 4 inches but not less than required to meet finish grades after natural settlement. Do not spread if soil or subgrade is frozen, muddy, or excessively wet.
- D. Compaction: Compact each lift of planting soil to 75 to 82 percent of maximum Standard Proctor density according to ASTM D 698.
- E. Finish Grading: Grade planting soil to a smooth, uniform surface plane with loose, uniformly fine texture. Roll and rake, remove ridges, and fill depressions to meet finish grades.

PROTECTION AND CLEANING

- A. Protect areas of in-place soil from additional compaction, disturbance, and contamination. Prohibit the following practices within these areas except as required to perform planting operations:
 - 1. Storage of construction materials, debris, or excavated material.
 - 2. Parking vehicles or equipment.
 - Vehicle traffic.
 - 4. Foot traffic.
 - Erection of sheds or structures.
 - 6. Impoundment of water.
 - 7. Excavation or other digging unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Remove surplus soil and waste material including excess subsoil, unsuitable materials, trash, and debris and legally dispose of them off Owner's property unless otherwise indicated.

1. Dispose of excess subsoil and unsuitable materials on-site where directed by Owner.

SECTION 329200 - TURF AND GRASSES

1.GENERAL

1. SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Seeding.
- 2. Sodding.

2. DEFINITIONS

- A. Pesticide: A substance or mixture intended for preventing, destroying, repelling, or mitigating a pest. This includes insecticides, miticides, herbicides, fungicides, rodenticides, and molluscicides. It also includes substances or mixtures intended for use as a plant regulator, defoliant, or desiccant.
- B. Planting Soil: Existing, on-site soil; imported soil; or manufactured soil that has been modified with soil amendments and perhaps fertilizers to produce a soil mixture best for plant growth. See Section 329113 Soil Preparation and drawing designations for planting soils.

3. INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Certification of grass seed.
 - 1. Certification of each seed mixture for turfgrass sod.

4. DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Seed and Other Packaged Materials: Deliver packaged materials in original, unopened containers showing weight, certified analysis, name and address of manufacturer, and indication of compliance with state and Federal laws, as applicable.
- B. Sod: Harvest, deliver, store, and handle sod according to requirements in "Specifications for Turfgrass Sod Materials" and "Specifications for Turfgrass Sod Transplanting and Installation" sections in TPI's "Guideline Specifications to Turfgrass Sodding." Deliver sod within 24 hours of harvesting and in time for planting promptly. Protect sod from breakage and drying.

2.PRODUCTS

1. SEED

- A. Grass Seed: Fresh, clean, dry, new-crop seed complying with AOSA's "Rules for Testing Seeds" for purity and germination tolerances.
- B. Seed Species:

1. Quality: State-certified seed of grass species as listed below for solar exposure.

Quality: Seed of grass species as listed below for solar exposure, with not less than 85 percent germination, not less than 95 percent pure seed, and not more than 0.5 percent weed seed:

3. Sun and Partial Shade: Proportioned by weight as follows:

2. TURFGRASS SOD

- A. Turfgrass Sod: complying with "Specifications for Turfgrass Sod Materials" in TPI's "Guideline Specifications to Turfgrass Sodding." Furnish viable sod of uniform density, color, and texture that is strongly rooted and capable of vigorous growth and development when planted.
- B. Turfgrass Species: Sod of grass species as follows:
 - Sun and Partial Shade: Proportioned by weight as follows:

3. FERTILIZERS

- A. Slow-Release Fertilizer: Granular or pelleted fertilizer consisting of 50 percent water-insoluble nitrogen, phosphorus, and potassium in the following composition:
 - 1. Composition: 20 percent nitrogen, 10 percent phosphorous, and 10 percent potassium, by weight.

4. MULCHES

- A. Straw Mulch: Provide air-dry, clean, mildew- and seed-free, salt hay or threshed straw of wheat, rye, oats, or barley.
- B. Sphagnum Peat Mulch: Partially decomposed sphagnum peat moss, finely divided or of granular texture, and with a pH range of 3.4 to 4.8.
- C. Muck Peat Mulch: Partially decomposed moss peat, native peat, or reed-sedge peat, finely divided or of granular texture, with a pH range of 6 to 7.5, and having a water-absorbing capacity of 1100 to 2000 percent, and containing no sand.

5. PESTICIDES

A. General: Pesticide, registered and approved by the EPA, acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and of type recommended by manufacturer for each specific problem and as required for Project conditions and application. Do not use restricted pesticides unless authorized in writing by authorities having jurisdiction.

3.EXECUTION

1. TURF AREA PREPARATION

A. General: Prepare planting area for soil placement and mix planting soil according to Soil Preparation.

- B. Reduce elevation of planting soil to allow for soil thickness of sod.
- C. Moisten prepared area before planting if soil is dry. Water thoroughly and allow surface to dry before planting. Do not create muddy soil.
- D. Before planting, obtain Architect's acceptance of finish grading; restore planting areas if eroded or otherwise disturbed after finish grading.

2. SEEDING

- A. Sow seed with spreader or seeding machine. Do not broadcast or drop seed when wind velocity exceeds 5 mph.
 - 1. Evenly distribute seed by sowing equal quantities in two directions at right angles to each other.
 - Do not use wet seed or seed that is moldy or otherwise damaged.
 - 3. Do not seed against existing trees. Limit extent of seed to outside edge of planting saucer.
- B. Sow seed at a total rate of 3 to 4 lb/1000 sq. ft.
- C. Rake seed lightly into top 1/8 inch of soil, roll lightly, and water with fine spray.
- D. Protect seeded areas with slopes not exceeding 1:6 by spreading straw mulch. Spread uniformly at a minimum rate of 2 tons/acre to form a continuous blanket 1-1/2 inches in loose thickness over seeded areas.
 - 1. Anchor straw mulch by crimping into soil with suitable mechanical equipment.
- E. Protect seeded areas from hot, dry weather or drying winds by applying planting soil within 24 hours after completing seeding operations. Soak areas, scatter mulch uniformly to a thickness of 3/16 inch and roll surface smooth.

SODDING

- A. Lay sod within 24 hours of harvesting. Do not lay sod if dormant or if ground is frozen or muddy.
- B. Lay sod to form a solid mass with tightly fitted joints. Butt ends and sides of sod; do not stretch or overlap. Stagger sod strips or pads to offset joints in adjacent courses. Avoid damage to soil or sod during installation. Tamp and roll lightly to ensure contact with soil, eliminate air pockets, and form a smooth surface. Work sifted soil or fine sand into minor cracks between pieces of sod; remove excess to avoid smothering sod and adjacent grass.
 - 1. Lay sod across slopes exceeding 1:3.
 - 2. Anchor sod on slopes exceeding 1:6 with wood pegs or steel staples spaced as recommended by sod manufacturer but not less than two anchors per sod strip to prevent slippage.
- C. Saturate sod with fine water spray within two hours of planting. During first week after planting, water daily or more frequently as necessary to maintain moist soil to a minimum depth of 1-1/2 inches below sod.

4. TURF MAINTENANCE

- A. General: Maintain and establish turf by watering, fertilizing, weeding, mowing, trimming, replanting, and performing other operations as required to establish healthy, viable turf. Roll, regrade, and replant bare or eroded areas and remulch to produce a uniformly smooth turf. Provide materials and installation the same as those used in the original installation.
- B. Mow turf as soon as top growth is tall enough to cut. Repeat mowing to maintain specified height without cutting more than one-third of grass height. Remove no more than one-third of grass-leaf growth in initial or subsequent mowings.

SATISFACTORY TURF

A. Use specified materials to reestablish turf that does not comply with requirements, and continue maintenance until turf is satisfactory.

SECTION 011000 - SUMMARY

1.GENERAL

1. SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Project information.
 - 2. Work covered by Contract Documents.
 - 3. Phased construction.
 - 4. Work under separate contracts.
 - 5. Access to site.
 - 6. Coordination with occupants.
 - 7. Work restrictions.
 - 8. Specification and drawing conventions.
 - 9. Miscellaneous provisions.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 015000 "Temporary Facilities and Controls" for limitations and procedures governing temporary use of Owner's facilities.

2. PROJECT INFORMATION

- A. Project Identification: Amazon Park Community Building
 - Project Location: 1601 Wenonah Trail, Yorktown, NY 10598
- B. Owner: Amazon Park.
- C. Architect: JMF Architect PLLC, 2287 Mark Road, Yorktown, NY 10598, Attn: Jim Flandreau.
- D. Contractor: TBD

3. WORK COVERED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

- A. The Work of Project is defined by the Contract Documents and consists of the following:
 - 1. Foundation repair and swale.
- B. Type of Contract.
 - 1. Project will be constructed under a single prime contract.

4. ACCESS TO SITE

- A. General: Contractor shall have full use of Project site for construction operations during construction period. Contractor's use of Project site is limited only by Owner's right to perform work or to retain other contractors on portions of Project.
- B. Use of Site: Do not disturb portions of Project site beyond areas in which the Work is indicated.
 - Driveways, Walkways and Entrances: serving the premises shall remain clear and available to Owner and emergency vehicles at all times. Do not use these areas for parking or storage of materials. Schedule deliveries to minimize use of driveways and entrances by construction operations.
- C. Condition of Existing Building: Maintain portions of existing building affected by construction operations in a weathertight condition throughout construction period. Repair damage caused by construction operations.

5. COORDINATION WITH OCCUPANTS

- A. Owner Limited Occupancy of Completed Areas of Construction: Owner reserves the right to occupy and to place and install equipment in completed portions of the Work, prior to Substantial Completion of the Work, provided such occupancy does not interfere with completion of the Work. Such placement of equipment and limited occupancy shall not constitute acceptance of the total Work.
 - 1. Obtain a Certificate of Occupancy from authorities having jurisdiction before limited Owner occupancy.
 - On occupancy, Owner will assume responsibility for maintenance and custodial service for occupied portions of Work.

6. WORK RESTRICTIONS

- A. Work Restrictions, General: Comply with restrictions on construction operations.
 - 1. Comply with limitations on use of public streets and with other requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. On-Site Work Hours: Limit work in the existing building to normal business working hours of 8 a.m. to 6 p.m., Monday through Friday, unless otherwise indicated and approved by the Town of Yorktown.
- C. Existing Utility Interruptions: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after providing temporary utility services according to requirements indicated:
- D. Noise, Vibration, and Odors: Coordinate operations that may result in high levels of noise and vibration, odors, or other disruption to Owner occupancy with Owner.

E. Controlled Substances: Use of tobacco products and other controlled substances on Project site are not permitted.

SPECIFICATION AND DRAWING CONVENTIONS

- A. Specification Content: The Specifications use certain conventions for the style of language and the intended meaning of certain terms, words, and phrases when used in particular situations. These conventions are as follows:
 - 1. Imperative mood and streamlined language are generally used in the Specifications. The words "shall," "shall be," or "shall comply with," depending on the context, are implied where a colon (:) is used within a sentence or phrase.
 - 2. Specification requirements are to be performed by Contractor unless specifically stated otherwise.
- B. Division 01 General Requirements: Requirements of Sections in Division 01 apply to the Work of all Sections in the Specifications.
- C. Drawing Coordination: Requirements for materials and products identified on Drawings are described in detail in the Specifications. One or more of the following are used on Drawings to identify materials and products:
 - 1. Terminology: Materials and products are identified by the typical generic terms used in the individual Specifications Sections.
 - 2. Abbreviations: Materials and products are identified by abbreviations.
 - 3. Keynoting: Materials and products are identified by reference keynotes referencing Specification Section numbers found in this Project Manual.

8. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

A. Contractor shall be responsible to obtain all required permits (Building, Stormwater, etc.) and all required certificates of completion.

2.PRODUCTS (Not Used)

3.EXECUTION (Not Used)

SECTION 01710- CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES

1.GENERAL

1. SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for contract closeout, including, but not limited to the following:
 - 1. Inspection procedures.
 - 2. Project Record Documents.
 - 3. Warranties
 - 4. Final cleaning.

2. COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate sequence of activates to accommodate required quality-assurance and quality-control services with a minimum of delay and to avoid necessity of removing and replacing construction to accommodate testing and inspecting.
 - 1. Schedule times for tests, inspections, and simple activities.

2.PRODUCTS (Not Used)

3.EXECUTION

1. REPAIR AND PROTECTION

- A. GENERAL: On completion of testing, inspecting, sample taking, and similar services, repair damaged construction and restore substrates and finishes.
 - Provide material and comply with installation requirements specified in other Sections of these Specifications. Restore patched areas and extend restoration into adjoining areas in a manner that eliminates evidence of patching.
 - 2. Comply with the Contract Documents requirements for all divisions.
- B. PAYMENT: Payment schedules shall be as per contract. Final payment will not be issued until all required permits are closed and the site is cleaned per the satisfaction of the Owner.

SECTION 024119 - SELECTIVE DEMOLITION

1.GENERAL

SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Demolition and removal of selected portions of building or structure.
- 2. Demolition and removal of selected site elements.

2. MATERIALS OWNERSHIP

- A. Unless otherwise indicated, demolition waste becomes property of Contractor.
- B. Historic items, relics, antiques, and similar objects including, but not limited to, cornerstones and their contents, commemorative plaques and tablets, and other items of interest or value to Owner that may be uncovered during demolition remain the property of Owner.
 - 1. Carefully salvage in a manner to prevent damage and promptly return to Owner.

3. PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Predemolition Conference: Conduct conference at [Project site] < Insert location >.

4. INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Proposed Protection Measures: Submit report, including Drawings, that indicates the measures proposed for protecting individuals and property. Indicate proposed locations and construction of barriers.
- B. Schedule of selective demolition activities with starting and ending dates for each activity.
- C. Predemolition photographs or video.

5. CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Inventory of items that have been removed and salvaged.

FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Owner will not occupy any portions of building.
- B. Conditions existing at time of inspection for bidding purpose will be maintained by Owner as far as practical.
 - 1. Before selective demolition, Owner will remove the following items:

- a. All items stored under the building.
- C. Notify Architect of discrepancies between existing conditions and Drawings before proceeding with selective demolition.
- D. Hazardous Materials: It is not expected that hazardous materials will be encountered in the Work.
 - 1. Hazardous materials will be removed by Owner before start of the Work.
 - 2. If suspected hazardous materials are encountered, do not disturb; immediately notify Architect and Owner. Hazardous materials will be removed by Owner under a separate contract.
- E. Storage or sale of removed items or materials on-site is not permitted.
- F. Utility Service: Maintain existing utilities indicated to remain in service and protect them against damage during selective demolition operations.
 - 1. Maintain fire-protection facilities in service during selective demolition operations.
- G. Arrange selective demolition schedule so as not to interfere with Owner's operations.

WARRANTY

A. Existing Warranties: Remove, replace, patch, and repair materials and surfaces cut or damaged during selective demolition, by methods and with materials and using approved contractors so as not to void existing warranties.

2.PRODUCTS

1. PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before beginning selective demolition. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Standards: Comply with ASSE A10.6 and NFPA 241.

3.EXECUTION

1. EXAMINATION

A. Inventory and record the condition of items to be removed and salvaged.

2. PROTECTION

A. Temporary Protection: Provide temporary barricades and other protection required to prevent injury to people and damage to adjacent buildings and facilities to remain.

- B. Temporary Shoring: Design, provide, and maintain shoring, bracing, and structural supports as required to preserve stability and prevent movement, settlement, or collapse of construction and finishes to remain, and to prevent unexpected or uncontrolled movement or collapse of construction being demolished.
- C. Remove temporary barricades and protections where hazards no longer exist.

3. SELECTIVE DEMOLITION

- A. General: Demolish and remove existing construction only to the extent required by new construction and as indicated. Use methods required to complete the Work within limitations of governing regulations and as follows:
 - Neatly cut openings and holes plumb, square, and true to dimensions required. Use cutting methods least likely to damage construction to remain or adjoining construction. Use hand tools or small power tools designed for sawing or grinding, not hammering and chopping. Temporarily cover openings to remain.
 - 2. Cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces to avoid marring existing finished surfaces.
 - Do not use cutting torches until work area is cleared of flammable materials. At
 concealed spaces, such as duct and pipe interiors, verify condition and contents of hidden
 space before starting flame-cutting operations. Maintain portable fire-suppression devices
 during flame-cutting operations.
 - 4. Maintain fire watch during and for at least 2 hours after flame-cutting operations.
 - 5. Locate selective demolition equipment and remove debris and materials so as not to impose excessive loads on supporting walls, floors, or framing.
 - 6. Dispose of demolished items and materials promptly.
- B. Site Access and Temporary Controls: Conduct selective demolition and debris-removal operations to ensure minimum interference with roads, streets, walks, walkways, and other adjacent occupied and used facilities.
- C. Removed and Salvaged Items:
 - 1. Clean salvaged items.
 - 2. Pack or crate items after cleaning. Identify contents of containers.
 - 3. Store items in a secure area until delivery to Owner.
 - 4. Transport items to Owner's storage area TDB.
 - 5. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.

D. Removed and Reinstalled Items:

- 1. Clean and repair items to functional condition adequate for intended reuse.
- 2. Pack or crate items after cleaning and repairing. Identify contents of containers.
- 3. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.
- Reinstall items in locations indicated. Comply with installation requirements for new materials and equipment. Provide connections, supports, and miscellaneous materials necessary to make item functional for use indicated.
- E. Existing Items to Remain: Protect construction indicated to remain against damage and soiling during selective demolition. When permitted by Architect, items may be removed to a suitable, protected storage location during selective demolition and reinstalled in their original locations after selective demolition operations are complete.

4. CLEANING

- A. Remove demolition waste materials from Project site.
 - 1. Do not allow demolished materials to accumulate on-site.
 - 2. Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces and areas.
 - 3. Remove debris from elevated portions of building by chute, hoist, or other device that will convey debris to grade level in a controlled descent.
 - 4. Comply with requirements specified in Section 017419 "Construction Waste Management and Disposal."
- B. Burning: Do not burn demolished materials.
- C. Clean adjacent structures and improvements of dust, dirt, and debris caused by selective demolition operations. Return adjacent areas to condition existing before selective demolition operations began.

SECTION 04810- UNIT MASONRY ASSEMBLIES

1.GENERAL

1. SUMMARY

- A. This Section Includes unit masonry assemblies consisting of the following:
 - 1. Concrete masonry units.

2. QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Preconstruction Testing Service: All concrete masonry units shall comply with ASTM C 67.

2.PRODUCTS

1. STEEL REINFORCEMENT INSTALLATION

- A. General: Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" for fabricating, placing and supporting reinforcement.
 - 1. Do not cut or puncture vapor retarder. Repair damage and reseal vapor retarder before placing concrete.

2. JOINTS

- A. General: Construct joints true to line with faces perpendicular to surface plane of concrete.
- B. Construction joints: Install so strength and appearance of concrete are not impaired, at locations indicated.

3. WATERSTOP INSTALLATION

A. Waterstops: Install in construction joints and at other locations indicated, according to manufacturer's written instructions.

4. CONCRETE PLACEMENT

- A. Before placing concrete, verify that installation of formwork, reinforcement, and embedded items is complete and that required inspections are completed.
- B. Deposit concrete continuously in one layer or in horizontal layers of such thickness that no new concrete is placed on concrete that has hardened enough to cause seams or planes of weakness.

FINSHED FORMED SURFACES

A. Smooth-formed Finish: As-cast concrete texture imparted by form-facing material, arranged in as orderly and symmetrical manner with a minimum of seams. Repair and patch tie holes and defects. Remove fins and other projections that exceed specified limits on formed-surface irregularities.

6. CONCRETE PROTECTING AND CURING

- A. General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures. Comply with ACI 306.1 for cold-weather protection and ACI301 for hot-weather protection during curing.
- B. Evaporation Retarder: Apply evaporation retarder to unformed concrete surfaces if hot, dry or windy conditions cause moisture loss before and during finishing operations. Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions after placing, screeding, and bull floating or darbying concrete, but before float finishing.

7. CONCRETE MIXTURES FOR BUILDING ELEMENTS

- A. Normal-weight Concrete:
 - 1. Minimum Compressive Strength: 4500 psi at 28 days.
 - 2. Maximum W/C Ratio: 0.45
 - 3. Slump Limit: 4 inches

8. FABRICATING REINFORCEMENT

A. Fabricate steel reinforcement according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice".

CONCRETE MIXING

- A. Ready Mixed Concrete: Measure, batch, mix and deliver concrete according to ASTM C94 and furnish batch ticket information.
 - 1. When air temperature is between 85 and 90 deg F, reduce mixing and delivery from 1-1/2 hours to 75 minutes; when air temperature is 90 deg F, reduce mixing and delivery time to 60 minutes.

3.EXECUTION

FORMWORK INSTALLATION

- A. Design, erect, shore, brace, and maintain formwork, according to ACI 301 to support vertical, lateral, static, and dynamic loads and construction loads that might be applied, until structure can support such loads.
- B. Construct formwork so concrete members and structures are of size, shape, alignment, elevation, and position indicated, within tolerance limits of ACI 117.

C. Do not chamfer exterior corners and edges of permanently exposed concrete.

SECTION 033000 - CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

1.GENERAL

1. SUMMARY

A. Section includes cast-in-place concrete, including formwork, reinforcement, concrete materials, mixture design, placement procedures, and finishes.

2. ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Design Mixtures: For each concrete mixture.

3. INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Material certificates.
- B. Material test reports.

4. QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing ready-mixed concrete products and that complies with ASTM C 94/C 94M requirements for production facilities and equipment.
 - 1. Manufacturer certified according to NRMCA's "Certification of Ready Mixed Concrete Production Facilities."
- B. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency, qualified according to ASTM C 1077 and ASTM E 329 for testing indicated.

FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Cold-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 306.1.
 - 1. Do not use calcium chloride, salt, or other materials containing antifreeze agents or chemical accelerators unless otherwise specified and approved in mixture designs.
- B. Hot-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 301.

2.PRODUCTS

1. CONCRETE, GENERAL

A. ACI Publications: Comply with the following unless modified by requirements in the Contract Documents:

- 1, ACI 301.
- 2. ACI 117.

FORM-FACING MATERIALS

A. Smooth-Formed Finished Concrete: Form-facing panels that provide continuous, true, and smooth concrete surfaces. Furnish in largest practicable sizes to minimize number of joints.

STEEL REINFORCEMENT

- A. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60, deformed.
- B. Bar Supports: Bolsters, chairs, spacers, and other devices for spacing, supporting, and fastening reinforcing bars and welded-wire reinforcement in place. Manufacture bar supports from steel wire, plastic, or precast concrete according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice."

4. CONCRETE MATERIALS

- A. Regional Materials: Concrete shall be manufactured within 25 miles of Project site from aggregates and cementitious materials.
- B. Cementitious Materials:
 - 1. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150/C 150M, Type I/II
 - 2. Blended Hydraulic Cement: ASTM C 595/C 595M, Type IL, portland-limestone cement.
- C. Normal-Weight Aggregates: ASTM C 33/C 33M, graded.
 - 1. Maximum Coarse-Aggregate Size: 1 inch nominal.
 - 2. Fine Aggregate: Free of materials with deleterious reactivity to alkali in cement.
- D. Chemical Admixtures: Certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that do not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride.
 - 1. Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type A.
 - 2. Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type B.
 - 3. Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type D.
 - 4. High-Range, Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type F.
 - 5. High-Range, Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type G.
 - 6. Plasticizing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 1017/C 1017M, Type II.
- E. Water: ASTM C 94/C 94M.

5. VAPOR RETARDERS

A. Sheet Vapor Retarder: Polyethylene sheet, ASTM D 4397, not less than 10 mils thick.

6. CURING MATERIALS

A. Moisture-Retaining Cover: ASTM C 171, polyethylene film or white burlap-polyethylene sheet.

7. RELATED MATERIALS

A. Expansion- and Isolation-Joint-Filler Strips: ASTM D 1751, asphalt-saturated cellulosic fiber.

8. CONCRETE MIXTURES, GENERAL

- A. Prepare design mixtures for each type and strength of concrete, proportioned on the basis of laboratory trial mixture or field test data, or both, according to ACI 301.
- B. Cementitious Materials: Use fly ash, pozzolan, slag cement, and silica fume as needed to reduce the total amount of portland cement, which would otherwise be used, by not less than 40 percent.
- C. Admixtures: Use admixtures according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1. Use water-reducing and -retarding admixture when required by high temperatures, low humidity, or other adverse placement conditions.
 - Use water-reducing admixture in pumped concrete, concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a w/c ratio below 0.50.

9. CONCRETE MIXTURES FOR BUILDING ELEMENTS

A. Normal-Weight Concrete:

- 1. Minimum Compressive Strength: 4500 psi (31 MPa) at 28 days.
- 2. Maximum W/C Ratio: 0,45.
- 3. Slump Limit: 4 inches.

10. FABRICATING REINFORCEMENT

A. Fabricate steel reinforcement according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice."

11. CONCRETE MIXING

- A. Ready-Mixed Concrete: Measure, batch, mix, and deliver concrete according to ASTM C 94/ C 94M and furnish batch ticket information.
 - 1. When air temperature is between 85 and 90 deg F (30 and 32 deg C), reduce mixing and delivery time from 1-1/2 hours to 75 minutes; when air temperature is above 90 deg F (32 deg C), reduce mixing and delivery time to 60 minutes.

3.EXECUTION

1. FORMWORK INSTALLATION

- A. Design, erect, shore, brace, and maintain formwork, according to ACI 301, to support vertical, lateral, static, and dynamic loads, and construction loads that might be applied, until structure can support such loads.
- B. Construct formwork so concrete members and structures are of size, shape, alignment, elevation, and position indicated, within tolerance limits of ACI 117.
- C. Do not chamfer exterior corners and edges of permanently exposed concrete.

2. EMBEDDED ITEM INSTALLATION

A. Place and secure anchorage devices and other embedded items required for adjoining work that is attached to or supported by cast-in-place concrete. Use setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.

3. VAPOR-RETARDER INSTALLATION

- A. Sheet Vapor Retarders: Place, protect, and repair sheet vapor retarder according to ASTM E 1643 and manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1. Lap joints 6 inches and seal with manufacturer's recommended tape.

4. STEEL REINFORCEMENT INSTALLATION

- A. General: Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" for fabricating, placing, and supporting reinforcement.
 - 1. Do not cut or puncture vapor retarder. Repair damage and reseal vapor retarder before placing concrete.

5. JOINTS

- A. General: Construct joints true to line with faces perpendicular to surface plane of concrete.
- B. Construction Joints: Install so strength and appearance of concrete are not impaired, at locations indicated or as approved by Architect.
- C. Contraction Joints in Slabs-on-Grade: Form weakened-plane contraction joints, sectioning concrete into areas as indicated. Construct contraction joints for a depth equal to at least one-fourth of concrete thickness as follows:
 - 1. Grooved Joints: Form contraction joints after initial floating by grooving and finishing each edge of joint to a radius of 1/8 inch (3.2 mm). Repeat grooving of contraction joints after applying surface finishes. Eliminate groover tool marks on concrete surfaces.

- 2. Sawed Joints: Form contraction joints with power saws equipped with shatterproof abrasive or diamond-rimmed blades. Cut 1/8-inch- (3.2-mm-) wide joints into concrete when cutting action does not tear, abrade, or otherwise damage surface and before concrete develops random contraction cracks.
- D. Isolation Joints in Slabs-on-Grade: After removing formwork, install joint-filler strips at slab junctions with vertical surfaces, such as column pedestals, foundation walls, grade beams, and other locations, as indicated.

6. WATERSTOP INSTALLATION

A. Waterstops: Install in construction joints and at other locations indicated, according to manufacturer's written instructions.

CONCRETE PLACEMENT

- A. Before placing concrete, verify that installation of formwork, reinforcement, and embedded items is complete and that required inspections are completed.
- B. Deposit concrete continuously in one layer or in horizontal layers of such thickness that no new concrete is placed on concrete that has hardened enough to cause seams or planes of weakness. If a section cannot be placed continuously, provide construction joints as indicated. Deposit concrete to avoid segregation.
 - 1. Consolidate placed concrete with mechanical vibrating equipment according to ACI 301.

8. FINISHING FORMED SURFACES

A. Smooth-Formed Finish: As-cast concrete texture imparted by form-facing material, arranged in an orderly and symmetrical manner with a minimum of seams. Repair and patch tie holes and defects. Remove fins and other projections that exceed specified limits on formed-surface irregularities.

CONCRETE PROTECTING AND CURING

- A. General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures. Comply with ACI 306.1 for cold-weather protection and ACI 301 (ACI 301M) for hot-weather protection during curing.
- B. Evaporation Retarder: Apply evaporation retarder to unformed concrete surfaces if hot, dry, or windy conditions cause moisture loss approaching 0.2 lb/sq. ft. x h (1 kg/sq. m x h) before and during finishing operations. Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions after placing, screeding, and bull floating or darbying concrete, but before float finishing.
- C. Formed Surfaces: Cure formed concrete surfaces, including underside of beams, supported slabs, and other similar surfaces. If forms remain during curing period, moist cure after loosening forms. If removing forms before end of curing period, continue curing for remainder of curing period.
- D. Cure concrete according to ACI 308.1, by one or a combination of the following methods:

- 1. Moisture Curing: Keep surfaces continuously moist for not less than seven days.
- 2. Moisture-Retaining-Cover Curing: Cover concrete surfaces with moisture-retaining cover for curing concrete, placed in widest practicable width, with sides and ends lapped at least 12 inches (300 mm), and sealed by waterproof tape or adhesive. Cure for not less than seven days. Immediately repair any holes or tears during curing period, using cover material and waterproof tape.
- 3. Curing Compound: Apply uniformly in continuous operation by power spray or roller according to manufacturer's written instructions. Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall within three hours after initial application. Maintain continuity of coating and repair damage during curing period.
 - a. Removal: After curing period has elapsed, remove curing compound without damaging concrete surfaces by method recommended by curing compound manufacturer.
- 4. Curing and Sealing Compound: Apply uniformly to floors and slabs indicated in a continuous operation by power spray or roller according to manufacturer's written instructions. Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall within three hours after initial application. Repeat process 24 hours later and apply a second coat. Maintain continuity of coating and repair damage during curing period.

10. CONCRETE SURFACE REPAIRS

A. Defective Concrete: Repair and patch defective areas when approved by Architect. Remove and replace concrete that cannot be repaired and patched to Architect's approval.

SECTION 061000 - ROUGH CARPENTRY

1.GENERAL

1. SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Framing with dimension lumber.
- 2. Wood blocking and nailers.
- 3. Wood furring.
- 4. Wood sleepers.
- 5. Plywood backing panels.

2. ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of process and factory-fabricated product.
 - 1. Include data for wood-preservative treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated materials comply with requirements
 - 2. Include data for fire-retardant treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated materials comply with requirements.

3. INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Material Certificates: For dimension lumber specified to comply with minimum allowable unit stresses. Indicate species and grade selected for each use and design values approved by the ALSC Board of Review.
- B. Evaluation Reports: For the following, from ICC-ES:
 - 1. Wood-preservative-treated wood.
 - 2. Engineered wood products.
 - Power-driven fasteners.
 - Powder-actuated fasteners.
 - 5. Expansion anchors.
 - 6. Metal framing anchors.

2.PRODUCTS

1. WOOD PRODUCTS, GENERAL

- A. Certified Wood: Materials shall be produced from wood obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship.
 - 1. Dimension lumber framing.
 - 2. Laminated-veneer lumber.

- 3. Parallel-strand lumber.
- 4. Prefabricated wood I-joists.
- 5. Rim boards.
- 6. Miscellaneous lumber.
- B. Lumber: DOC PS 20 and applicable rules of grading agencies indicated. If no grading agency is indicated, provide lumber that complies with the applicable rules of any rules-writing agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review. Provide lumber graded by an agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review to inspect and grade lumber under the rules indicated.
 - 1. Factory mark each piece of lumber with grade stamp of grading agency.
- C. Maximum Moisture Content of Lumber: 15 percent for 2-inch nominal thickness or less, unless otherwise indicated.

WOOD-PRESERVATIVE-TREATED LUMBER

- A. Preservative Treatment by Pressure Process: AWPA U1; Use Category UC2 for interior construction not in contact with the ground.
 - 1. Preservative Chemicals: Acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction and containing no arsenic or chromium.
- B. Kiln-dry lumber after treatment to a maximum moisture content of 19 percent. Do not use material that is warped or that does not comply with requirements for untreated material.
- C. Mark lumber with treatment quality mark of an inspection agency approved by the ALSC Board of Review.
- D. Application: Treat all rough carpentry unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Wood cants, nailers, curbs, equipment support bases, blocking, stripping, and similar members in connection with roofing, flashing, vapor barriers, and waterproofing.
 - 2. Wood sills, sleepers, blocking, and similar concealed members in contact with masonry or concrete.
 - 3. Wood framing and furring attached directly to the interior of below-grade exterior masonry or concrete walls.
 - 4. Wood framing members that are less than 18 inches above the ground in crawlspaces or unexcavated areas.
 - 5. Wood floor plates that are installed over concrete slabs-on-grade.

3. MISCELLANEOUS LUMBER

- A. General: Provide miscellaneous lumber indicated and lumber for support or attachment of other construction, including the following:
 - 1. Blocking.
 - Nailers.
 - 3. Furring.
- B. For items of dimension lumber size, provide Standard, Stud, grade lumber of any species.

4. PLYWOOD BACKING PANELS

- A. Equipment Backing Panels: DOC PS 1, Exterior, AC in thickness indicated or, if not indicated, match existing thickness.
 - 1. Plywood shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."

FASTENERS

- A. General: Provide fasteners of size and type indicated that comply with requirements specified in this article for material and manufacture.
 - 1. Where rough carpentry is exposed to weather, in ground contact, pressure-preservative treated, or in area of high relative humidity, provide fasteners with hot-dip zinc coating complying with ASTM A 153/A 153M.
- B. Power-Driven Fasteners: NES NER-272.
- C. Bolts: Steel bolts complying with ASTM A 307, Grade A (ASTM F 568M, Property Class 4.6); with ASTM A 563 (ASTM A 563M) hex nuts and, where indicated, flat washers.

METAL FRAMING ANCHORS

- A. Allowable Design Loads: Provide products with allowable design loads, as published by manufacturer, that meet or exceed those of basis-of-design products. Manufacturer's published values shall be determined from empirical data or by rational engineering analysis and demonstrated by comprehensive testing performed by a qualified independent testing agency.
- B. Galvanized-Steel Sheet: Hot-dip, zinc-coated steel sheet complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 coating designation.
 - 1. Use for interior locations unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Hot-Dip, Heavy-Galvanized Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M; structural steel (SS), high-strength low-alloy steel Type A (HSLAS Type A), or high-strength low-alloy steel Type B (HSLAS Type B); G185 coating designation; and not less than 0.036 inch thick.
 - 1. Use for wood-preservative-treated lumber and where indicated.

3.EXECUTION

1. INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Set rough carpentry to required levels and lines, with members plumb, true to line, cut, and fitted. Fit rough carpentry to other construction; scribe and cope as needed for accurate fit. Locate nailers, blocking, and similar supports to comply with requirements for attaching other construction.

- B. Framing Standard: Comply with AF&PA's WCD 1, "Details for Conventional Wood Frame Construction," unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Metal Framing Anchors: Install metal framing anchors to comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Install fasteners through each fastener hole.
- D. Do not splice structural members between supports unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Comply with AWPA M4 for applying field treatment to cut surfaces of preservative-treated lumber.
- F. Securely attach rough carpentry work to substrate by anchoring and fastening as indicated, complying with the following:
 - 1. NES NER-272 for power-driven fasteners.
 - 2. Table 2304.9.1, "Fastening Schedule," in ICC's International Building Code.
 - 3. Table R602.3(1), "Fastener Schedule for Structural Members," and Table R602.3(2), "Alternate Attachments," in ICC's International Residential Code for One- and Two-Family Dwellings.

2. PROTECTION

A. Protect wood that has been treated with inorganic boron (SBX) from weather. If, despite protection, inorganic boron-treated wood becomes wet, apply EPA-registered borate treatment. Apply borate solution by spraying to comply with EPA-registered label.

SECTION 061600 - SHEATHING

1.GENERAL

1. SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Wall sheathing.
 - 2. Underlayment.
 - 3. Sheathing joint and penetration treatment.

2. ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of process and factory-fabricated product. Indicate component materials and dimensions and include construction and application details.
 - 1. Include data for wood-preservative treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated plywood complies with requirements.

3. INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Evaluation Reports: For following products, from ICC-ES:
 - 1. Preservative-treated plywood.

2.PRODUCTS

WOOD PANEL PRODUCTS

- A. Emissions: Products shall meet the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."
- B. Certified Wood: For the following wood products, provide materials produced from wood obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship":
 - 1. Plywood.
 - 2. Oriented strand board.
 - 3. Particleboard underlayment.
 - Hardboard underlayment.
- C. Plywood: DOC PS 1.
- D. Oriented Strand Board: DOC PS 2.

PRESERVATIVE-TREATED PLYWOOD

- A. Preservative Treatment by Pressure Process: AWPA U1; Use Category UC2.
- B. Mark plywood with appropriate classification marking of an inspection agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Application: Treat all plywood unless otherwise indicated.

3. WALL SHEATHING

A. Plywood Wall Sheathing: Exterior, Structural I sheathing.

4. FASTENERS

A. General: Provide fasteners of size and type indicated that comply with requirements specified in this article for material and manufacture.

5. MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Adhesives for Field Gluing Panels to Framing: Formulation complying with APA AFG-01 that is approved for use with type of construction panel indicated by manufacturers of both adhesives and panels.
 - 1. Adhesives shall have a VOC content of 50g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 - 2. Adhesives shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."

3.EXECUTION

1. INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Do not use materials with defects that impair quality of sheathing or pieces that are too small to use with minimum number of joints or optimum joint arrangement. Arrange joints so that pieces do not span between fewer than three support members.
- B. Cut panels at penetrations, edges, and other obstructions of work; fit tightly against abutting construction unless otherwise indicated
- C. Securely attach to substrate by fastening as indicated, complying with the following:
 - 1. NES NER-272 for power-driven fasteners.
 - 2. Table 2304.9.1, "Fastening Schedule," in ICC's "International Building Code."
 - 3. Table R602.3(1), "Fastener Schedule for Structural Members," and Table R602.3(2), "Alternate Attachments," in ICC's "International Residential Code for One- and Two-Family Dwellings."

- D. Coordinate wall sheathing installation with flashing and joint-sealant installation so these materials are installed in sequence and manner that prevent exterior moisture from passing through completed assembly.
- E. Do not bridge building expansion joints; cut and space edges of panels to match spacing of structural support elements.

SECTION 072600 - VAPOR RETARDERS

1.GENERAL

SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Polyethylene vapor retarders.

2.PRODUCTS

1. POLYETHYLENE VAPOR RETARDERS

A. Polyethylene Vapor Retarders: ASTM D 4397,6-mil thick sheet, with maximum permeance rating of 0.1 perm (5.7 ng/Pa x s x sq. m).

3.EXECUTION

1. INSTALLATION OF VAPOR RETARDERS ON FRAMING

- A. Extend vapor retarders to extremities of areas to protect from vapor transmission. Secure vapor retarders in place with adhesives, vapor retarder fasteners, or other anchorage system as recommended by manufacturer. Extend vapor retarders to cover miscellaneous voids in insulated substrates, including those filled with loose-fiber insulation.
- B. Seal vertical joints in vapor retarders over framing by lapping no fewer than two studs and sealing with vapor-retarder tape according to vapor-retarder manufacturer's written instructions. Locate all joints over framing members or other solid substrates.
- C. Seal joints caused by pipes, conduits, electrical boxes, and similar items penetrating vapor retarders with vapor-retarder tape to create an airtight seal between penetrating objects and vapor retarders.
- D. Repair tears or punctures in vapor retarders immediately before concealment by other work. Cover with vapor-retarder tape or another layer of vapor retarders.

2. INSTALLATION OF VAPOR RETARDERS IN CRAWL SPACES

- A. Install vapor retarders over prepared grade. Lap joints a minimum of 12 inches and seal with manufacturer's recommended tape. Install second layer over pathways to equipment.
- B. Extend vapor retarder over footings and seal to foundation wall or grade beam with manufacturer's recommended tape.
 - 1. Extend vapor retarder vertically minimum 16 inches above top of footing.

C. Seal around penetrations such as utilities and columns in order to create a monolithic, airtight membrane at grade surface, perimeter, and all vertical penetrations.

SECTION 311000 - SITE CLEARING

1.GENERAL

SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Protecting existing vegetation to remain.
- 2. Removing existing vegetation.
- 3. Clearing and grubbing.
- 4. Stripping and stockpiling topsoil.
- 5. Removing above- and below-grade site improvements.
- 6. Disconnecting, capping, or sealing site utilities.
- 7. Temporary erosion and sedimentation control.

MATERIAL OWNERSHIP

A. Except for materials indicated to be stockpiled or otherwise remain Owner's property, cleared materials shall become Contractor's property and shall be removed from Project site.

3. FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Traffic: Minimize interference with adjoining roads, streets, walks, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities during site-clearing operations.
 - 1. Do not close or obstruct streets, walks, or other adjacent occupied or used facilities without permission from Owner and authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 2. Provide alternate routes around closed or obstructed trafficways if required by Owner or authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Salvageable Improvements: Carefully remove items indicated to be salvaged and store on Owner's premises site clearing.
- C. Utility Locator Service: Notify utility locator service for area where Project is located before site clearing.
- D. Do not commence site clearing operations until temporary erosion- and sedimentation-control measures are in place.

2.PRODUCTS

1. MATERIALS

A. Satisfactory Soil Material: Requirements for satisfactory soil material are specified in Section 312000 "Earth Moving."

1. Obtain approved borrow soil material off-site when satisfactory soil material is not available on-site.

3.EXECUTION

1. PREPARATION

- A. Protect and maintain benchmarks and survey control points from disturbance during construction.
- B. Protect existing site improvements to remain from damage during construction.
 - 1. Restore damaged improvements to their original condition, as acceptable to Owner.

2. TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

- A. Provide temporary erosion- and sedimentation-control measures to prevent soil erosion and discharge of soil-bearing water runoff or airborne dust to adjacent properties and walkways, according to erosion- and sedimentation-control Drawings and requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Verify that flows of water redirected from construction areas or generated by construction activity do not enter or cross protection zones.
- C. Inspect, maintain, and repair erosion- and sedimentation-control measures during construction until permanent vegetation has been established.
- D. Remove erosion and sedimentation controls, and restore and stabilize areas disturbed during removal.

3. EXISTING UTILITIES

- A. Locate, identify, maintain existing utilities.
- B. Interrupting Existing Utilities: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others, unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary utility services according to requirements indicated:
 - 1. Notify Architect not less than two days in advance of proposed utility interruptions.
 - 2. Do not proceed with utility interruptions without Architect's written permission.

CLEARING AND GRUBBING

- A. Remove obstructions, trees, shrubs, and other vegetation to permit installation of new construction.
 - 1. Use only hand methods or air spade for grubbing within protection zones.
- B. Fill depressions caused by clearing and grubbing operations with satisfactory soil material unless further excavation or earthwork is indicated.

1. Place fill material in horizontal layers not exceeding a loose depth of 8 inches (200 mm), and compact each layer to a density equal to adjacent original ground.

TOPSOIL STRIPPING

- A. Remove sod and grass before stripping topsoil.
- B. Strip topsoil to depth of 6 inches in a manner to prevent intermingling with underlying subsoil or other waste materials.
- C. Stockpile topsoil away from edge of excavations without intermixing with subsoil or other materials. Grade and shape stockpiles to drain surface water. Cover to prevent windblown dust and erosion by water.

SITE IMPROVEMENTS

A. Remove existing above- and below-grade improvements as indicated and necessary to facilitate new construction.

7. DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS AND WASTE MATERIALS

- A. Remove surplus soil material, unsuitable topsoil, obstructions, demolished materials, and waste materials including trash and debris, and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.
- B. Separate recyclable materials produced during site clearing from other nonrecyclable materials. Store or stockpile without intermixing with other materials, and transport them to recycling facilities. Do not interfere with other Project work.

SECTION 312000 - EARTH MOVING

1.GENERAL

1. SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Excavating and filling for rough grading the Site.
- 2. Preparing subgrades for turf and grasses.

2. DEFINITIONS

- A. Backfill: Soil material used to fill an excavation.
 - 1. Initial Backfill: Backfill placed beside and over pipe in a trench, including haunches to support sides of pipe.
 - 2. Final Backfill: Backfill placed over initial backfill to fill a trench.
- B. Fill: Soil materials used to raise existing grades.
- C. Structures: Buildings, footings, foundations, retaining walls, slabs, tanks, curbs, mechanical and electrical appurtenances, or other man-made stationary features constructed above or below the ground surface.
- D. Subbase Course: Aggregate layer placed between the subgrade and base course for hot-mix asphalt pavement, or aggregate layer placed between the subgrade and a cement concrete pavement or a cement concrete or hot-mix asphalt walk.
- E. Subgrade: Uppermost surface of an excavation or the top surface of a fill or backfill immediately below subbase, drainage fill, drainage course, or topsoil materials.
- F. Utilities: On-site underground pipes, conduits, ducts, and cables as well as underground services within buildings.

3. FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Utility Locator Service: Notify utility locator service for area where Project is located before beginning earth-moving operations.

2.PRODUCTS

SOIL MATERIALS

A. General: Provide borrow soil materials when sufficient satisfactory soil materials are not available from excavations.

B. Satisfactory Soils: Soil Classification Groups GW, GP, GM, SW, SP, and SM according to ASTM D 2487, or a combination of these groups; free of rock or gravel larger than 3 inches in any dimension, debris, waste, frozen materials, vegetation, and other deleterious matter.

2. ACCESSORIES

A. Warning Tape: Acid- and alkali-resistant, polyethylene film warning tape manufactured for marking and identifying underground utilities, 6 inches (150 mm) wide and 4 mils (0.1 mm) thick, continuously inscribed with a description of the utility; colored to comply with local practice or requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

3.EXECUTION

PREPARATION

- A. Protect structures, utilities, sidewalks, pavements, and other facilities from damage caused by settlement, lateral movement, undermining, washout, and other hazards created by earth-moving operations.
- B. Protect and maintain erosion and sedimentation controls during earth-moving operations.
- C. Protect subgrades and foundation soils from freezing temperatures and frost. Remove temporary protection before placing subsequent materials.

2. EXCAVATION, GENERAL

- A. Unclassified Excavation: Excavate to subgrade elevations regardless of the character of surface and subsurface conditions encountered. Unclassified excavated materials may include rock, soil materials, and obstructions. No changes in the Contract Sum or the Contract Time will be authorized for rock excavation or removal of obstructions.
 - 1. If excavated materials intended for fill and backfill include unsatisfactory soil materials and rock, replace with satisfactory soil materials.

3. EXCAVATION FOR WALKS AND PAVEMENTS

 Excavate surfaces under walks and pavements to indicated lines, cross sections, elevations, and subgrades.

4. UNAUTHORIZED EXCAVATION

- A. Fill unauthorized excavation under foundations or wall footings by extending bottom elevation of concrete foundation or footing to excavation bottom, without altering top elevation. Lean concrete fill, with 28-day compressive strength of 2500 psi (17.2 MPa), may be used when approved by Architect.
 - Fill unauthorized excavations under other construction, pipe, or conduit as directed by Architect.

5. STORAGE OF SOIL MATERIALS

- A. Stockpile borrow soil materials and excavated satisfactory soil materials without intermixing. Place, grade, and shape stockpiles to drain surface water. Cover to prevent windblown dust.
 - 1. Stockpile soil materials away from edge of excavations. Do not store within drip line of remaining trees.

6. SOIL FILL

- A. Plow, scarify, bench, or break up sloped surfaces steeper than 1 vertical to 4 horizontal so fill material will bond with existing material.
- B. Place and compact fill material in layers to required elevations as follows:
 - 1. Under grass and planted areas, use satisfactory soil material.
 - 2. Under walks and pavements, use satisfactory soil material.
 - 3. Under steps and ramps, use engineered fill.
 - 4. Under building slabs, use engineered fill.
 - 5. Under footings and foundations, use engineered fill.

7. SOIL MOISTURE CONTROL

- A. Uniformly moisten or aerate subgrade and each subsequent fill or backfill soil layer before compaction to within 2 percent of optimum moisture content.
 - 1. Do not place backfill or fill soil material on surfaces that are muddy, frozen, or contain frost or ice.
 - 2. Remove and replace, or scarify and air dry, otherwise satisfactory soil material that exceeds optimum moisture content by 2 percent and is too wet to compact to specified dry unit weight.

8. COMPACTION OF SOIL BACKFILLS AND FILLS

A. Place backfill and fill soil materials in layers not more than 8 inches (200 mm) in loose depth for material compacted by heavy compaction equipment and not more than 4 inches (100 mm) in loose depth for material compacted by hand-operated tampers.

SECTION 329113 - SOIL PREPARATION

1.GENERAL

1. SUMMARY

- A. Section includes planting soils specified by composition of the mixes.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 311000 "Site Clearing" for topsoil stripping and stockpiling.

2. DEFINITIONS

- A. Duff Layer: A surface layer of soil, typical of forested areas, that is composed of mostly decayed leaves, twigs, and detritus.
- B. Imported Soil: Soil that is transported to Project site for use.
- C. Manufactured Soil: Soil produced by blending soils, sand, stabilized organic soil amendments, and other materials to produce planting soil.
- D. Planting Soil: Existing, on-site soil; imported soil; or manufactured soil that has been modified as specified with soil amendments and perhaps fertilizers to produce a soil mixture best for plant growth.
- E. Subgrade: Surface or elevation of subsoil remaining after excavation is complete, or the top surface of a fill or backfill before planting soil is placed.
- F. Subsoil: Soil beneath the level of subgrade; soil beneath the topsoil layers of a naturally occurring soil profile, typified by less than 1 percent organic matter and few soil organisms.
- G. Surface Soil: Soil that is present at the top layer of the existing soil profile. In undisturbed areas, surface soil is typically called "topsoil"; but in disturbed areas such as urban environments, the surface soil can be subsoil.
- H. USCC: U.S. Composting Council.

3. QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent, state-operated, or university-operated laboratory; experienced in soil science, soil testing, and plant nutrition; with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated; and that specializes in types of tests to be performed.

2.PRODUCTS

1. PLANTING SOILS SPECIFIED BY COMPOSITION

A. Planting-Soil Type Existing, on-site surface soil, with the duff layer, if any, retained and stockpiled on-site; modified to produce viable planting soil. Blend existing, on-site surface soil with the following soil amendments and fertilizers in the following quantities to produce planting soil.

2. FERTILIZERS

- A. Superphosphate: Commercial, phosphate mixture, soluble; a minimum of [20] [33] [50] percent available phosphoric acid.
- B. Slow-Release Fertilizer: Granular or pelleted fertilizer consisting of 50 percent water-insoluble nitrogen, phosphorus, and potassium in the following composition:
 - 1. Composition: 20 percent nitrogen, 10 percent phosphorous, and 10 percent potassium, by weight.
 - 2. Composition: Nitrogen, phosphorous, and potassium in amounts recommended in soil reports from a qualified testing agency.

3.EXECUTION

GENERAL

- A. Place planting soil and fertilizers according to requirements in other Specification Sections.
- B. Verify that no foreign or deleterious material or liquid such as paint, paint washout, concrete slurry, concrete layers or chunks, cement, plaster, oils, gasoline, diesel fuel, paint thinner, turpentine, tar, roofing compound, or acid has been deposited in planting soil.

2. PREPARATION OF UNAMENDED, ON-SITE SOIL BEFORE AMENDING

- A. Excavation: Excavate soil from designated area(s) to a depth of 6 inches and stockpile until amended.
- B. Unacceptable Materials: Clean soil of concrete slurry, concrete layers or chunks, cement, plaster, building debris, oils, gasoline, diesel fuel, paint thinner, turpentine, tar, roofing compound, acid, and other extraneous materials that are harmful to plant growth.
- C. Unsuitable Materials: Clean soil to contain a maximum of 8 percent by dry weight of stones, roots, plants, sod, clay lumps, and pockets of coarse sand.
- D. Screening: Pass unamended soil through a 2-inch sieve to remove large materials.

3. PLACING AND MIXING PLANTING SOIL OVER EXPOSED SUBGRADE

- A. General: Apply and mix unamended soil with amendments on-site to produce required planting soil. Do not apply materials or till if existing soil or subgrade is frozen, muddy, or excessively wet.
- B. Subgrade Preparation: Till subgrade to a minimum depth of 12 inches. Remove stones larger than 2 inches in any dimension and sticks, roots, rubbish, and other extraneous matter and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.
- C. Compaction: Compact each blended lift of planting soil to 75 to 82 percent of maximum Standard Proctor density according to ASTM D 698 and tested in-place.
- D. Finish Grading: Grade planting soil to a smooth, uniform surface plane with loose, uniformly fine texture. Roll and rake, remove ridges, and fill depressions to meet finish grades.

4. PLACING MANUFACTURED PLANTING SOIL OVER EXPOSED SUBGRADE

- A. General: Apply manufactured soil on-site in its final, blended condition. Do not apply materials or till if existing soil or subgrade is frozen, muddy, or excessively wet.
- B. Subgrade Preparation: Till subgrade to a minimum depth of 12 inches. Remove stones larger than 2 inches in any dimension and sticks, roots, rubbish, and other extraneous matter and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.
- C. Application: Spread planting soil to total depth of 4 inches but not less than required to meet finish grades after natural settlement. Do not spread if soil or subgrade is frozen, muddy, or excessively wet.
- D. Compaction: Compact each lift of planting soil to 75 to 82 percent of maximum Standard Proctor density according to ASTM D 698.
- E. Finish Grading: Grade planting soil to a smooth, uniform surface plane with loose, uniformly fine texture. Roll and rake, remove ridges, and fill depressions to meet finish grades.

PROTECTION AND CLEANING

- A. Protect areas of in-place soil from additional compaction, disturbance, and contamination. Prohibit the following practices within these areas except as required to perform planting operations:
 - 1. Storage of construction materials, debris, or excavated material.
 - 2. Parking vehicles or equipment.
 - 3. Vehicle traffic.
 - 4. Foot traffic.
 - 5. Erection of sheds or structures.
 - 6. Impoundment of water.
 - 7. Excavation or other digging unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Remove surplus soil and waste material including excess subsoil, unsuitable materials, trash, and debris and legally dispose of them off Owner's property unless otherwise indicated.

1. Dispose of excess subsoil and unsuitable materials on-site where directed by Owner.

SECTION 329200 - TURF AND GRASSES

1.GENERAL

1. SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Seeding.
 - Sodding.

2. DEFINITIONS

- A. Pesticide: A substance or mixture intended for preventing, destroying, repelling, or mitigating a pest. This includes insecticides, miticides, herbicides, fungicides, rodenticides, and molluscicides. It also includes substances or mixtures intended for use as a plant regulator, defoliant, or desiccant.
- B. Planting Soil: Existing, on-site soil; imported soil; or manufactured soil that has been modified with soil amendments and perhaps fertilizers to produce a soil mixture best for plant growth. See Section 329113 Soil Preparation and drawing designations for planting soils.

3. INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- Certification of grass seed.
 - Certification of each seed mixture for turfgrass sod.

4. DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Seed and Other Packaged Materials: Deliver packaged materials in original, unopened containers showing weight, certified analysis, name and address of manufacturer, and indication of compliance with state and Federal laws, as applicable.
- B. Sod: Harvest, deliver, store, and handle sod according to requirements in "Specifications for Turfgrass Sod Materials" and "Specifications for Turfgrass Sod Transplanting and Installation" sections in TPI's "Guideline Specifications to Turfgrass Sodding." Deliver sod within 24 hours of harvesting and in time for planting promptly. Protect sod from breakage and drying.

2.PRODUCTS

SEED

- A. Grass Seed: Fresh, clean, dry, new-crop seed complying with AOSA's "Rules for Testing Seeds" for purity and germination tolerances.
- B. Seed Species:

- 1. Quality: State-certified seed of grass species as listed below for solar exposure.
- 2. Quality: Seed of grass species as listed below for solar exposure, with not less than 85 percent germination, not less than 95 percent pure seed, and not more than 0.5 percent weed seed:
- 3. Sun and Partial Shade: Proportioned by weight as follows:

2. TURFGRASS SOD

- A. Turfgrass Sod: complying with "Specifications for Turfgrass Sod Materials" in TPI's "Guideline Specifications to Turfgrass Sodding." Furnish viable sod of uniform density, color, and texture that is strongly rooted and capable of vigorous growth and development when planted.
- B. Turfgrass Species: Sod of grass species as follows:
 - 1. Sun and Partial Shade: Proportioned by weight as follows:

3. FERTILIZERS

- A. Slow-Release Fertilizer: Granular or pelleted fertilizer consisting of 50 percent water-insoluble nitrogen, phosphorus, and potassium in the following composition:
 - 1. Composition: 20 percent nitrogen, 10 percent phosphorous, and 10 percent potassium, by weight.

4. MULCHES

- A. Straw Mulch: Provide air-dry, clean, mildew- and seed-free, salt hay or threshed straw of wheat, rye, oats, or barley.
- B. Sphagnum Peat Mulch: Partially decomposed sphagnum peat moss, finely divided or of granular texture, and with a pH range of 3.4 to 4.8.
- C. Muck Peat Mulch: Partially decomposed moss peat, native peat, or reed-sedge peat, finely divided or of granular texture, with a pH range of 6 to 7.5, and having a water-absorbing capacity of 1100 to 2000 percent, and containing no sand.

5. PESTICIDES

A. General: Pesticide, registered and approved by the EPA, acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and of type recommended by manufacturer for each specific problem and as required for Project conditions and application. Do not use restricted pesticides unless authorized in writing by authorities having jurisdiction.

3.EXECUTION

1. TURF AREA PREPARATION

A. General: Prepare planting area for soil placement and mix planting soil according to Soil Preparation.

- B. Reduce elevation of planting soil to allow for soil thickness of sod.
- C. Moisten prepared area before planting if soil is dry. Water thoroughly and allow surface to dry before planting. Do not create muddy soil.
- D. Before planting, obtain Architect's acceptance of finish grading; restore planting areas if eroded or otherwise disturbed after finish grading.

2. SEEDING

- A. Sow seed with spreader or seeding machine. Do not broadcast or drop seed when wind velocity exceeds 5 mph.
 - Evenly distribute seed by sowing equal quantities in two directions at right angles to each other.
 - 2. Do not use wet seed or seed that is moldy or otherwise damaged.
 - 3. Do not seed against existing trees. Limit extent of seed to outside edge of planting saucer.
- B. Sow seed at a total rate of 3 to 4 lb/1000 sq. ft.
- C. Rake seed lightly into top 1/8 inch of soil, roll lightly, and water with fine spray.
- D. Protect seeded areas with slopes not exceeding 1:6 by spreading straw mulch. Spread uniformly at a minimum rate of 2 tons/acre to form a continuous blanket 1-1/2 inches in loose thickness over seeded areas.
 - 1. Anchor straw mulch by crimping into soil with suitable mechanical equipment.
- E. Protect seeded areas from hot, dry weather or drying winds by applying planting soil within 24 hours after completing seeding operations. Soak areas, scatter mulch uniformly to a thickness of 3/16 inch and roll surface smooth.

3. SODDING

- A. Lay sod within 24 hours of harvesting. Do not lay sod if dormant or if ground is frozen or muddy.
- B. Lay sod to form a solid mass with tightly fitted joints. Butt ends and sides of sod; do not stretch or overlap. Stagger sod strips or pads to offset joints in adjacent courses. Avoid damage to soil or sod during installation. Tamp and roll lightly to ensure contact with soil, eliminate air pockets, and form a smooth surface. Work sifted soil or fine sand into minor cracks between pieces of sod; remove excess to avoid smothering sod and adjacent grass.
 - 1. Lay sod across slopes exceeding 1:3.
 - Anchor sod on slopes exceeding 1:6 with wood pegs or steel staples spaced as recommended by sod manufacturer but not less than two anchors per sod strip to prevent slippage.
- C. Saturate sod with fine water spray within two hours of planting. During first week after planting, water daily or more frequently as necessary to maintain moist soil to a minimum depth of 1-1/2 inches below sod.

4. TURF MAINTENANCE

- A. General: Maintain and establish turf by watering, fertilizing, weeding, mowing, trimming, replanting, and performing other operations as required to establish healthy, viable turf. Roll, regrade, and replant bare or eroded areas and remulch to produce a uniformly smooth turf. Provide materials and installation the same as those used in the original installation.
- B. Mow turf as soon as top growth is tall enough to cut. Repeat mowing to maintain specified height without cutting more than one-third of grass height. Remove no more than one-third of grass-leaf growth in initial or subsequent mowings.

5. SATISFACTORY TURF

A. Use specified materials to reestablish turf that does not comply with requirements, and continue maintenance until turf is satisfactory.